MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

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THE SENTINEL.

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JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....E. E. BRIGHTMAN

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 27, 1860.

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble OUT OF IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

☞ For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page. ☜

News of the Morning.

Two steamers have arrived, with foreign advices to the 16th inst. The Earl of Aberdeen is dead. The bombardment of Gaeta had re-commenced. The Empress of France had returned to Paris. Peace had been concluded with China. Breadstuffs were firm with an upward tendency. Provisions dull.

HON. DAVID WILMOT, of Pennsylvania, it is stated, is to occupy a position in Mr. LINCOLN'S Cabinet.

The people of Pittsburgh are highly excited, in consequence of an order from the War Department having been received for the removal of the arms in store at the arsenal at that place to Ship Island, La., and Galveston, Texas. The people say the cannon shall never leave the post until they know what use will be made of them.

The steamship *Canada*, which arrived at Halifax yesterday, brings over a million dollars in specie.

The ship *Georgiana*, from New Orleans for Liverpool, was burned at sea on the 20th ult. Crew saved.

THE MONEY FROM EUROPE.—The golden shower has begun to pour in upon us. Last Saturday California sent us a million; on Sunday the Europa brought us $540,000 from England. The Etna came on Tuesday with $330,000; on Wednesday the Atlantic brought $350,000, and yesterday came the Persia, with $3,100,000, to which the Quaker City from Havana, added $107,718, and the Borussia, from Hamburg, $17,500, making the receipts of yesterday $3,225,218, or $5,945,218 since Saturday last. Comment may be dispensed with.—*New York Tribune, Friday.*

In addition to this, the Fulton, which arrived in New York on Friday, brought $600,000, making in all in one day less than a week, over $6,500,000 received in New York from California and Europe. With such a steady shower of gold flowing into the country, how long *can* the present money panic or pressure last? We know it ought not to last a day.

NEW PAPER IN CHICAGO.—The first number of "*The Post*," a new daily paper, in Chicago, has been received. It is a fine-looking, able, and sprightly sheet; independent in politics: and, for that reason, all the better as a news and business paper. Its managers and editors are JAMES W. SHEAHAN, Esq., Col. FRANCIS, A. EASTMAN and ANDREW MATTESON, Esqs. This is the complete editorial force of the old Chicago *Times*. "*The Post*" is a success from the start.

THE NATIONAL FAST DAY.—*Messrs. Editors:*—I see by your paper, that the President has issued his proclamation, calling for a National Fast, to be observed on the 4th of January, in view of the impending national calamities that *seem* to be coming upon us. I would recommend to the various clergymen who officiate in a public capacity on that day, that they read for their opening lesson, the 28th and 29th chapters of the Book of Isaiah, as being appropriate to the occasion. JOHN TOMLINSON.

OZAUKEE, Wis.

THE ENGLISH VOLUNTEERS IN ITALY.—At Caserta, on the 28th November, a fight took place between the English Volunteers and the Garibaldians, which resulted in loss of life on both sides. This led to the disbandment of the English legion. Naples letters speak of the discredit thrown on the English name by the disgraceful proceedings of many of the volunteers and their officers.

FIRES.—The Fourth Ward school building in Oswego was burned on the 16th inst.—Loss $15,000; insured for $7,000.

The Sea-Girt House, at Newport, R. I., was burned on the 15th inst. Loss $18,000; insured for $8,000. The Ocean House caught fire twice from the burning embers, and the Atlantic House was saved with difficulty.

THE POPULATION OF THE COTTON STATES.—The white and black population of the five cotton States, according to the census of 1860, was as follows:

	White.	Black and Mulatto.
Alabama	426,514	442,874
Florida	78,679	80,315
Georgia	521,572	931,082
Mississippi	291,718	299,878
South Carolina	275,573	354,984
Total	1,565,570	1,455,892

THE PRESIDENT IN DURESS.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* publishes and vouches for the following anecdote:

"The President is a State prisoner in his own house, and goes chattering and blubbering through its glittering apartments. A Northern Democratic Senator paid him a visit the other day, to expostulate with him on the unaccountable behavior of his Administration, and to urge on him to take immediate steps to protect the government property in the secession States—particularly to reinforce the handful of soldiers at Charleston. What do you suppose was his reply?

"'My dear friend, *I dare not do it; I would be assassinated if I did.* You don't know the sort of men I have to deal with; they are more dangerous than wild beasts.' And the poor imbecile old man broke into tears and wept like a babby."

DEATH OF AN OLD PIONEER.—We regret to learn, from our Madison exchanges, that JAMES MORRISON, an old and respected resident of the State Capital, died in Madison on Saturday last, from wounds it dicted by himself in a moment of mental aberration. Mr. MORRISON was one of the pioneers of our State; a Scotchman by birth, and an American in feeling, as by adoption. He had lived at Madison since 1839; had filled several places of trust under the Federal and State governments, and was liked and respected by all who knew him. He leaves a widow, three daughters and a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

JUBILANT.—This is the way the editor of the Appleton *Crescent* shouts and sings because the rails are pointed at his town.—Well, he's right:

"In a Few Days" the Cars and Locomotive will come whirling into Our Woodland Home. Gloom overspreads the financial world, and yet Appleton holds her head erect, for lo! "the Cars are Coming!"—Manufacturers, Merchants, Millers, Mechanics, Laborers, Farmers—all greet each other with a hearty grasp of honest hands as the word goes round: "You will hear the whistle in a few days! The Cars will be here in a few days!"

"In a few days," our frost-bound Valley will echo the snort of the Iron Horse—"Hail Columbia!" the Cars are coming.

☞ WE REGRET TO LEARN that an infant son of Judge Paine, of the Supreme Court, died last evening. There is considerable sickness among children in this city.—*Madison Argus, Dec. 24.*

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Consternation in the Capital—Defalcation and Robbery—The Great Fraud—Another Great Defalcation, &c., &c.

Special Despatch to the Cincinnati Commercial.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24, 1860.

Consternation reigns in the city. Nobody knows what may became of us. Austria and Turkey are outdone by the United States in defalcation and robbery. Corruption and theft stalk unblushingly in the streets of Washington. It appears that the Secretary of War has accepted the draft of Russel, Majors & Co., the great transportation agents, for services yet to be performed. As they could raise no money on, these acceptances which were illegal, as the Secretary had no right to pay for services yet to be done, these gentlemen procured through the assistance of a Washington banker, eight hundred and seventy thousand dollars worth of Indian bonds from Bailey, a nephew of Secretary Floyd, and a clerk in the Indian bureau. In order to secure the acceptance of Mr. Floyd, the coupons due on the first of January had been cut off in order to prevent detection. The records of the bureau have been purloined or destroyed. Bailey is in jail. A despatch was received in the Interior Department at half past two o'clock, that Russell had been arrested in New York by the United States authorities. The bonds are of the States of North Carolina, Missouri and Tennessee. Chief Clerk Kelley of the Interior Department, left this afternoon for New York, for the purpose of ascertaining where the bonds have been disposed of.

Bailey is a relative of Martin, of Lecompton notoriety. He was sent some time ago to California to examine the accounts of Thos. Hurley, charged with being a defaulter. A defalcation of about two million dollars in another department is spoken of.—Secretary Thompson feels very bad that this defalcation has happened in his department. This afternoon he applied for a committee of investigation. He is determined, in order to clear himself, to spare neither friend nor foe. This is a hard blow on the Administration and Secessionists. Bailey is a native of South Carolina, and signed recently a card that he would not hold office under Mr. Lincoln. The fire-eaters of South Carolina assert that they have not assured the President they will not take the forts before the fourth of March. Their Commissioner, who will arrive to-morrow, will give him notice of their intention. Fort Sumpter which has no garrison will be taken first, and as it has long guns and commands Fort Moultrie, the South Carolinians hope soon to capture the latter.

General Scott fears that the forts will be taken and Captain Anderson and his men massacred, as they never will surrender.—This being done what will become of Mr. Buchanan, as declarations are constantly made on the street that he would not live two hours after Anderson had been killed.

OMEGA.

EXCITEMENT AT PITTSBURG.

The Cannon at Pittsburg—The Cannon at the Arsenal Ordered South—The people won't let them go.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 24, '60.

EDS. COM:—Our city was thrown into great excitement this afternoon, by orders from Washington to ship forthwith all the large cannon at the arsenal to Ship Island, Louisiana, and Galveston, Texas. The steamer Silver Wave has engagements for four hundred and twenty tons of government property.

Our leading men are telegraphing to Washington. Our people say the cannon shall never leave the post until they have some assurance of what use will be made of them.

Small arms have been shipped East by Railroad for some time. The leading men of the Democratic party denounce this matter, and have telegraphed to Buchanan that we are fully as competent to take charge of this arsenal as the people of Charleston.

SECOND DISPATCH.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 24th, 1860.

EDS. COM:—We are waiting an answer to dispatches from Washington. A meeting will be called. Our people are determined not to let the guns go, and have telegraphed to that effect to Washington. The steamer Marengo has engaged three hundred tons additional. Excitement increasing.

SENATOR BAKER AND DAVID WILMOT AT SPRINGFIELD.

Wilmot goes Into the Cabinet—Cabinet Made up and Members to Visit Mr. Lincoln Immediately.

SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 24, '60.

Senator Baker and David Wilmot arrived here this morning. Wilmot comes by invitation, and will represent Pennsylvania in the Cabinet. It is stated on good authority that the Cabinet is made up, and that all proposed members will successively visit this place within the next three weeks.—*Cincinnati Commercial, Dec. 25th.*

Terrible Colliery Explosion—One Hundred and Seventy Lives Lost.

The Newport correspondent of the London *Times* states that the effects of the colliery explosion at Risca, near Newport, (Wales,) on Saturday morning, was more terrible than at first supposed, for instead of 120 persons having fallen victims, the probability is that at least 50 more are dead, and that the fearful roll will swell to at least 170 names. On Monday about 100 bodies had been brought up. One portion of the workings is now discovered to have fallen in, cutting off all communication with 60 or 70 persons beyond. To reach them will, it is feared, occupy a considerable time; but little or no expectation is entertained that one of the party will be discovered alive.

When the explosion occurred, above 200 men and boys were in the pit, of whom only about 30 have escaped. Operations are being continued with the utmost vigor. Even yet it would be premature to give currency to the statements made with reference to the cause of the catastrophe. The pit, however, was known to be subject to the blowers of gas, and the managers were cautious in consequence. On Saturday week one of the workmen was summoned for taking the key of a safety lamp into the pit, and it was deposed by the overman that two other men were detected with nails in their possession, intended, doubtless, to be used for opening the safety lamps to obtain lights for smoking. These things show the recklessmen of the man, and point probably to the origin of the explosion.

Such is the statement in the *Times*; but the *Western Daily Press* asserts that the number of deaths is not so large as was at first supposed. The Bristol *Daily Post* says: "Among the colliers who descended on the fatal morning, were several young fellows who had become members of the Volunteer Rifle Corps, recently formed at Risca. Their intention was to come out early to attend drill. One who had taken his 'turn' in the night, met, on ascending at five in the morning, a collier who was unable to take his 'turn,' who asked him to take it for him. He consented, pulled off his coat, which he had just put on, and was about to go down the pit, when he suddenly changed his mind, resumed his coat, and saved his life by going home.

Amidst the crowd assembled at the mouth of the pit, awaiting the arrival of the dead, was a wife and mother, who saw in the lifeless heap her husband and three sons. In one cottage eight bodies are stretched on their biers. Some of the poor fellows who were in the midst of the fire, were so disfigured that they cannot be identified, and their bodies have been conveyed from cottage to cottage, and we have been told that they are still unclaimed."

THE wearers of the Palmetto cockades in Washington, on finding that they were mistaken for the footmen of the foreign ministers, soon dropped them, and they are decidedly at a discount now. May they speedily retire to the limbo of contempt, even in South Carolina.—*Balt. Post.*

Washington Matters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.

The War Department can take no action in reference to the recent movements in Pittsburg, until official information shall be received from the officers in charge of the Alleghany Arsenal. The order for the removal of guns was recently issued, and directed them to be left at Ship Island and Galveston, by the time the defensive works at those points, although unfinished, may be ready to receive them. Appropriations for the purpose of the cannon was long since made for the purchase above stated.

The order for their removal thither was in accordance with the law and regulation, without any reference to political occurrences.

Captain Ingraham of South Carolina, in command of the sloop-of-war Richmond, attached to the Mediterranean squadron, has asked and obtained leave to return home.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains.

	Arrive.	Depart.
MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO	11:30 A. M.	7:25 A. M.
	4:20 P. M.	1:00 P. M.
LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE	12:15 P. M.	8:00 A. M.
	9:45 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI	11:00 A. M.	8:45 P. M.
	9:20 P. M.	1:00 P. M.
MILWAUKEE & HORICON	9:20 A. M.	1:45 A. M.
	2:35 P. M.	1:55 P. M.
MILWAUKEE, WAT. & B. V.	11:50 A. M.	4:30 P. M.

Mail Arrangements.

	Closes.	Arrives.
Eastern, Chicago & Mil., Way	12:00 M.	12:00 M.
Chicago, D. P. O., Racine & Milwaukee, R. R., Kenosha, Elkhorn, &c. Way	9:00 P.M.	4:10 P.M.
Milwaukee & Miss. R. R. Way	9:00 P.M.	12:30 A.M.
Watertown, Palmyra, Whitewater, Stoughton, Brodhead, Janesville, Monroe, Madison	11:30 A.M.	7:00 P.M.
La Crosse & Mil. R. R. Way	8:30 P.M.	12:50 P.M.
La Crosse City, Sparta, East Randolph, Portage City, Kilbourn City, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake, Horicon, Iron Ridge, Mayville	9:00 P.M.	8:30 A.M. 12:50 P.M.
Watertown R. R. and Mil. & Baraboo Valley R. R.	8:30 P.M.	12:50 A.M.
Stage, North, to Port Washington	9:00 P.M.	2:00 P.M

Trade and Commerce of Milwaukee.

On the first of January we shall publish a full and accurate statement of the trade, commerce and general business of Milwaukee, for the year just closing, embracing comparative statistics of our grain trade for *fifteen years*, carefully compiled from official sources; and also an exhibit of the total exports of flour and grain from all the ports in Wisconsin during the past season of navigation. It will also be printed in pamphlet form for subscribers, and any firm taking ten copies, or more, can have their card printed on the covers of the number for which they subscribe, without additional charge. This will be a good document to circulate, and as we are desirous that the extent of the trade of our city should be known abroad, we shall furnish the pamphlet to subscribers at a very moderate cost. Orders may be left at the Counting Room of the SENTINEL office.

Christmas in the City.

Christmas Eve came upon us as softly and pleasantly as a fall of snow. The anticipations of many, and the realization of the few, made a merry time for the salesmen along the business streets. Although there was supposed to be a panic in the financial world, and pockets were generally buttoned up, we noticed on Monday night that the swarm of parents and guardians anxious to spend money for children, was as great, or even greater, than any preceding Christmas Eve in town. At DELOAMES, and STRICKLAND'S, and all the rest of the stores where fancy articles and toys were to be had, were throngs during the afternoon and until late at night. STRICKLAND & Co. inform us that their sales were larger than ever before, and no one who chanced to look in there "on the night before Christmas" will doubt it.—Money was spent freely on all hands; the dealers in turkeys and monumental oysters were well nigh crazed, and pastry cooks and housewives were up to their elbows in trouble.

There were several pleasant affairs came off on Christmas Eve, conspicuous among which was a surprise party given to Rev. J. L. CORNING at his residence. Some two hundred of his friends took possession of his domicil, during his temporary absence, and presented a most formidable array on his return. After informing him that he must consider himself merely a visitor, they commenced enjoying themselves in a most social manner, and capped the climax of their assurance by actually presenting their pastor with a purse of $250, and a neat little speech, which so surprised him that he had to throw himself upon their kindness and tell them how utterly impossible it was to say anything, and then he in return made one of the happiest little speeches imaginable. The purse having been disposed of, a handsome silver door plate bearing the name of CORNING in old English text, was presented.—The plate is a beautiful one, and is the workmanship and gift of WM. N. GINN, the very superior engraver at MATSON & LOOMIS'.

The party broke up shortly after, having created and experienced an amount of impromptu enjoyment very seldom meted out to gatherings of so large a number.

Christmas morning showed a promising snow storm, and forthwith cutters were pulled out and buffalo robes examined.

The snow continued to fall during the morning, and soon rendered the streets in good condition for sleighing.

CHRISTMAS DINNERS.

Excellent dinners were served up at the several hotels. Mr. BENTLEY, of the Walker House, the popular hosts of the Newhall, Mr. UHMANN at the St. Charles, and the proprietors of the American, providing for their guests all the luxuries of the season.

A Christmas dinner was also served up by the Sheriff of Milwaukee County at the jail to the prisoners. It was really a sumptuous feast, consisting of turkeys, chickens, venison, roast beef, &c. The whole affair was managed with much skill and kindness by the jailor, Mr. CALEB HUNT, who seemed to take as much pleasure in the enjoyment of the unfortunates under his charge, as many would in the feasting of their own household.

As we said before, Christmas dinners were eaten everywhere. In nothing is the unusual prevalence of the observance of Christmas so marked as in the dinners. Even those who consider themselves outside the pale of orthodox Christianity, and who sneer at the name of Christ, prepare an extra feast. We know of Jews and Infidels who observed the day in every respect quite as rigidly as many professed Christians.

PLEASANT INCIDENT.

A class of young ladies from the River Street Mission Sabbath School, and a class from the First Presbyterian Sabbath School, a short time ago resolved to visit the Protestant Orphan Asylum, on Christmas, and make the Orphans a present. The pupils of these classes raised money among themselves, purchased a beautiful hand sleigh, and a bountiful supply of nuts, candies and raisins. The Superintendent of our City Railroad kindly sent a free pass to the children to ride from their school room to the nearest point on the road to the Asylum, and about two o'clock they started.

The Orphans knew nothing of the intended visit, and were gladly surprised to see so many visitors, but when the sleigh, nuts and candies were brought into the room where they were assembled, neither matron nor teachers could sustain their enthusiasm, and such a shout and cheers as went forth from those Orphan children we venture to say was never before heard in that room.—We hardly know who were the happiest, the young ladies in making the presents, or the Orphans in receiving them.

PIGEON SHOOT.

A pigeon shoot at LAYTON'S, near the Forest Home Cemetery, attracted many of of the sporting men and crack shots in that direction. We understand that there was quite an assembly there, and that the shooting—or, perhaps, we should say the guns—went off well!

DANCES IN THE EVENING.

The Independent Turners inaugurated Birchard's new Hall, on Spring street, by a ball. The entertainments were varied by singing and the distribution of prizes. A very large attendance of Germans kept up the festivities here until an early hour.

At the Turn Hall another ball was in full "blast" during the evening; and the worthy Teutons performed the light fantastic variations, and partook of the flow of soul and lager, at both halls, with a zest that did one good to behold.

The dances thinned out the bier saloons so that East Water street, during the evening, seemed almost deserted.

There was another hop, gathered up by the lesser lights of the community, at Treat's Hall, where the roughs and their Venuses had full swing, undisturbed.

The fall of snow interfered somewhat with the skating arrangements that had been made, but compensated for the deprivation in the excellent sleighing afforded. Altogether, Christmas passed off as merrily, and at the same time, as quiet, as could be wished. Very little drunkenness was observed; no arrests were made, and the holiday week commenced under the most favorable local auspices.

To-night a negro band is announced for the Academy, and Mr. CUSHMAN will give at the Albany, another of his unique entertainments.

NEW YEAR'S CALLS.—The drinking customs of fashionable life, and especially with young men, are among the greatest hindrances to the progress of the temperance movements in large cities. And when it is known that our fashionable ladies are in a great degree responsible for much of the dissipation which we witness among the better class of young men, the question recurs—"What shal be done to stay the tide of evil which is sweeping over our fair white city?"

In view of the alarming increase of dissipation among our young men, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted at a regular meeting of Queen City Lodge, No. 94, I. O. of G. T., held at their Hall in Bowman's Block, last evening:

WHEREAS, Intemperance, that fearful scourge of humanity, is greatly on the increase among the young men of this city; and whereas, the custom of the ladies in fashionable life has been to furnish wine and other intoxicating beverages to those young men who are in the habit of making "New Year's Calls," therefore,

Resolved, That this Lodge respectfully invites the Pastors of the several Churches in this city to preach a discourse on the Sabbath preceding New Year's (next Sabbath) to their several congregations, discountenancing the popular and dangerous custom of furnishing wines, or other intoxicating beverages, to those who make "New Year's calls."

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolution be addressed to the several Pastors, and that the city papers be requested to publish the same.

Submitted in Faith, Hope and Charity.

E. BOARDMAN, W. C. T.
FRANK MORTON, W. S.

Milwaukee, Dec. 26, 1860.

FUNERAL OF CAPT. CROSS.—The body of late Capt. Cross will arrive in Milwaukee to-day, and the funeral probably take place to-morrow.

We are pleased to be able to announce that a subscription has been started here for the purpose of raising money to pay off the mortgage upon the homestead of the Captain's family. DEAN RICHMOND has headed the list with $100.

LACROSSE MIRROR.—The people of La Crosse may congratulate themselves on having in the *Mirror* a respectable newspaper. Its columns are free from blackguardism and local filth, its tone is high and its appearance modest but meritorious. Such a sheet ought to do well where the community have been suffering so long under a slang-whanging editorial blackguard.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.—W. H. SHERMAN, No. 16 Wisconsin street, has taken some of the most correct and life-like likenesses we ever saw. Those of JOHN B. GOUGH and Rev. Mr. HELMER, are admired by all who have seen them. Mr. SHERMAN is a true artist, understands how to fix the human face divine to the best advantage, and puts it up afterwards in the best of style. We commend him to our friends as a gentleman who has an unapproachable "taking way."

"TEMPLE BAR."—THE NEW ENGLISH MAGAZINE.—TUNIS & Co. have laid upon our table the first number of GEORGE AUGUSTIN SALA'S Magazine, "Temple Bar." It contains 144 pages of choice reading, critical, polemical literary, with just enough of travel and poetry to give it a richness. From what we have seen of "Temple Bar" so far, we prefer it to "Cornhill," THACKERAY or no THACKERAY.

WOOLEN GOODS.—Nothing can be more acceptable as a holiday present to a young lady than one of S. LATTAUER'S fashionable "Jockeys." His large supplies of embroideries and knitted goods, at No. 208 Third street, should command the attention of both ladies and gentlemen.

MUNICIPAL COURT, Dec. 26.—Billy Riley, disorderly. Fined $1 and costs.—Paid.

Charles Weschelny, disorderly. Fined $1 and costs.

John ——, disorderly. Fined $1 and costs Paid.

FIRE, AND A CHILD BURNED.—On Monday a house was burned on the Green Bay road, some distance out, and a little child was burned to death.

MRS J. W. CURRIER will speak at Good Templars' Hall Thursday evening at 7 1-2 o'clock, for the accommodation of those who have been unable to attend her meetings on Sundays. Admittance free. A collection will be taken to defray expenses.

At the close of Mrs CURRIER'S lecture, the FAY BROTHERS, who, from their connection with the DAVENPORT BOYS, are very well known, will give one of their remarkable scances for spirit manifestations. These young men are said to be most wonderful mediums. Physical phenomena of the most astounding nature occur in their presence. Musical instruments are carried about the room and played by unseen hands, over the heads of the audience, voices are heard, and these and other marvels are said to transpire while the boys are securely tied by skeptics in the audience. Investigators will be allowed to test the matter in every way. dec27

ETHIOPIAN OPERA.—CRAVEN & BAKER'S Burlesque Opera Troupe, consisting of ten Star performers, will perform this evening at the Academy of Music. Negro minstrelsy is something that shakes the town up more judiciously than any kind of traveling entertainment that comes along. Negro minstrelsy is generally very popular here, and as this is a very superior Company, a full house may be anticipated.

COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.—A complimentary Concert to C. C. DICKINSON, the musician, will be given at Albany Hall, on the 7th of January, by the members of the Cornet Band and others.

LECTURE.—CHAS. S. AUSTIN lectures before Dashaway Lodge of Good Templars this evening. Subject—Sir WALTER SCOTT.

THE UNION IS SAFE, and JAMES HETH is on hand with his usual supply of unrivalled Confectionery for the holidays. Now is the time to gladden the hearts of the children with a box of these unsurpassed goodies, and at prices that defy competition—25 cts. a pound, or five pounds for $1. Manufactory and sales room on Eighth street, about ten rods south of Fourth Ward School House. dec22dtillJan1

GURNSEY'S BALM.—Buy it—borrow it—become possessed of it in some honorable manner, if possible. It is a sin not to take advantage of this wonderful preparation, and lessen your chances of experiencing severe pain, which can be prevented by a timely application of this remedy. Keep it in the house always. For sale by J. M ALLCOTT, opposite the SENTINEL office.

LOCAL NOTICES.

TAXES. **TAXES.** TAXES.

I AM PREPARED TO CONTRACT for the payment of Taxes for 1860, at a liberal discount, and ask Tax payers to call upon me.

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS bought and sold.

SAML. I. BRIDGE.

Under Newhall House, Michigan street. nov29s870d1f

THE CHRONICLES!

A LOCAL NOVELTY!

WILL BE PUBLISHED BY 1ST OF JANUARY, 1861,

The Chronicles of Milwaukee!

Being sketches of the early history of the town; biographical; notices of its prominent citizens and merchants; Reminiscences of the "Oldest Inhabitants"; Narratives, Letters, &c.

FROM 1818 TO 1860.

With a full account of the Commercial, Manufacturing and Social improvements. Critical notices of the Bar and Clergy. A Review of the City Indebtedness, the Railroad Indebtedness, and a compendium of its present

Geographical and Commercial Advantages.

This is a book which every citizen of Milwaukee is interested in, and should be sent all over the country. It will be published in a style creditable to the city and sold only to subscribers.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR.

Names should be sent to the SENTINEL Office as early as possible, that the Publishers, in putting the first forms to press may know exactly how large an edition to work of. oct27

REMOVAL.

MINER & FARIES have removed their Dental Rooms to the new and elegant suite of apartments over Hassett & Chapman's new store, on East Water Street, where they will practice Dentistry in all its branches.

G. B. MINER,
E. J. FARIES.

SEND YOUR

MAGAZINES, &C.,

TO THE

SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,

AND HAVE THEM BOUND.

☞ The Cost will be Trifling. ☜

SAML. I. BRIDGE,

Real Estate Agent,

MONEY AND INSURANCE BROKER,

Under Newhall House Michigan St.

CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY bought, sold and exchanged. Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished. Notes, Mortgages, Stocks and other Securities negotiated. Loans obtained.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE effected in the best companies at lowest rates.

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS bought and sold.

LAND WARRANTS constantly on hand.

CAPITALISTS desiring to find profitable investments are invited to call. Letters of enquiry will have prompt attention.

my21j762dly SAML. I. BRIDGE.

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

myl5t957dtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

A NEW PRINCIPLE.

WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS.—These instruments are the smallest, lightest, show least, most durable, no rust, and guaranteed to give satisfaction in every instance.

☞ Orders supplied and fitted at 209 East Water Street. J. M. ALLCOTT,

oct4t1058dm Agent for Milwaukee.

ILLINOIS MONEY TAKEN AT PAR.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL TAKE ILLINOIS MONEY at 100 cents on the dollar (except those Banks which are discredited) in exchange for HARDWARE, IRON and other goods, and DEBTS DUE to us.

JOHN NAZRO & CO.

Milwaukee, Nov. 21, 1860. nov22dtf

ALLIS & McGREGOR,

LAND, LOAN & INSURANCE AGENTS,

OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK.

EDW. P. ALLIS. JOHN P. MCGREGOR.

☞ Bread, Biscuit, Cakes and Puddings, going through the process of baking, change all the substance of Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus into carbonic acid Gas, which then passes away, so that there is not a particle of it remaining in the food in which it is used, thereby making it perfectly wholesome and healthy, and peculiarly adapted to weak stomachs and dyspeptic persons. Grocers and druggists sell it.

Ask wholesale by LITTELL & BAZIN, DUTCHER, SEATON & Co., and JOHN DAHLMAN & Co. my29j706

☞ A large share of the public have long needed a safe and reliable Tonic stimulant. This want is now supplied by ATWOOD'S QUININE TONIC BITTERS, which, as a sustaining stimulant, has no equal. All who have given it a trial say that for dyspepsia, languor, depression of spirits, and kindred evils, it is just what is wanted.

☞ Families wishing to be furnished daily, at their residences, with MILK from the celebrated Waukesha Dairies of JAMES DAVIS, can do so by leaving orders at H. W. GEORGE & Co.'s Grocery Store, No. 31 Wisconsin street, Young's Block. dec21f

☞ Read advertisement of LINCOLN'S Commercial College in another column.

READER, have you seen Professor WOOD'S advertisement in our paper? Read it; it will interest you.

E. TOWNSEND MIX,

ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block. jan1y253dlw

DIED:

At his residence, in Holly Springs, Mississippi, the Rev. J. H. INGRAHAM, L. L. D.

Mr. INGRAHAM is well known as the author of the "Prince of the House of David," etc. At the time of his decease, he was the Rector of Christ Church, Holly Springs, and President also of the St. Thomas' College in that place. Dr. INGRAHAM was a brother of the Rev. Mr. INGRAHAM of this city.

For Sale or Rent.

Pianos to Rent!

ATH. N. HEMPSTED'S MUSIC STORE 266 Main Street. jy2s982dly

Eastern Exchange For Sale.

DRAFTS, PAYABLE IN BOSTON, IN sums to suit, for sale, corner Wells and West Water street, Room No. 8 UPSTAIRS.

☞ N. B.—Communications through the Post Office will receive prompt attention.

dec15dlf3dlw CHAS. M. CUSHMAN.

NIAGARA HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN HOTEL, situated in the Fifth Ward, Milwaukee, on the corner of Hanover and Florida streets, is offered for sale at a great bargain, by the proprietor. The above Hotel has been kept for fourteen years by the present owner, and during all that time has done a good paying business, and he now desires to sell because his age and the situation of his family unfit him for attending to the duties incident thereto. The House has all the principal Railroads leading to and from the city, has ample accommodations for one hundred guests and stable room for fifty horses and ample yard room. The house is well furnished throughout, which furniture will be sold if desired with the house. Terms are easy. Only a portion of the purchase money required to be paid down, the balance can remain on mortgage for a term of years. Any information in regard to this valuable property can be had by calling upon

JOHN ROSEBECK,
nov10k324dtlaw2t Proprietor.

PIG IRON FOR SALE.

150 TONS PIG IRON, FROM FRANKLIN Furnace, Clinton, Oneida Co., New York, for sale cheap.

myj26d4t1 R. OLMSTED.

FOR SALE.

A FARM OF EIGHT HUNDRED ACRES in Town of Eagle, two miles north of Eagle Center. There are three houses and one barn upon it, and well situated to be divided into three farms. Address S. PETTIBONE,

nov20k332dlmo2 Milwaukee.

$1,500.

ANY PERSON HAVING A PIECE OF good productive real estate in Milwaukee, which they would like to exchange for a tract of land 6 miles from the city, (only 80 acres of timber and 6 acres under cultivation, with log house, beautifully situated on the lake), and $1,500 in cash, will hear of a good opportunity by applying to

COLBURN & CLARKE,
dec7k836dtf Under the Newhall House.

TO LET.

THE STORE NO. 163 EAST WATER street. Possession given immediately. Apply to WM. BROWN, Jr.

oct2k767dtf

PIANOS TO RENT.

TWO SECOND-HAND PIANOS NOW in store, to rent, or will be sold cheap.

H. N. HEMPSTED,
nov17 256 Main street.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE IN Fourth Ward, near spring Street, containing ten rooms, wood cellar, well, cistern, yard and barn; or would be exchanged for property in Detroit. Enquire at 236 West Water Street. The owner would like to board with occupier. nov17

CITY LAND OFFICE.

VALUABLE STEAM MILL PROPERTY on line of La Crosse & Milwaukee Railroad, will exchange for Good Farming Lands or unincumbered Real Estate in the City of Milwaukee, improved or unimproved. The Mill is doing an extensive business, in a wheat growing country. There is an elevator attached to said property. The storage property is entirely free from all incumbrances. The property being to Eastern parties is the reason why it is offered in exchange for property for further particulars call at my office,

d 212 CALEB WALL.

FOR SALE.

WATER POWER WOOLEN FACTORY, SAW MILL, and TANNERY. All new and in good order, with dwelling house and 46 acres of land, being the lower mills at Baraboo, County seat of Sauk county, Wis. It is a great factory power and is a large property. It came to me cheap in the crash of the times, and as I cannot manage it, I must sell. I will sell cheap and on good terms of payment. W. P. FLANDERS.

Milwaukee, April 15, 1860. apr2j266dtf

Wants.

WANTED.

For the United States Army.

YOUNG ABLE-BODIED MEN of good character.—Board, Clothing and Medical Attendance now provided by the Government without cost to the soldier's pay. Pay from

$11 to $22 Per Month.

Recruiting office No. 251, second floor, East Water street, Market Square, Milwaukee, Wis., or at No. 126 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill. E. D. JONES,
W. D. DENT, Recruiting Officer.
Examining Surgeon. oct18k203dly

EMPLOYMENT.

$50 A MONTH AND ALL EXPENSES PAID.—An Agent is wanted in every town and county in the United States, to engage in a respectable and easy business, by which the above profits may be certainly realized. For full particulars address Dr. J. HENRY WAGNER, 58 East Twelfth street, corner of Broadway, New York city, including one dollar to exam. oct20k328d3m6

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THERE IS A RARE OPPORTUNITY for a good BLACKSMITH and a good SHOEMAKER to establish themselves in a lucrative business, in the town of Lisbon, in Waukesha county, Wisconsin. It is located on the line of the LaCrosse & Milwaukee Railroad, in the heart of the famous La Crosse Valley, one of the pleasantest and healthiest parts of the State. Being a new place, the owner of the lands in the vicinity of the depot proposes to furnish building lots for shops and dwellings, to a limited number, FREE, so as to enable some industrious, but poor mechanics, an excellent chance to better their immediate prospects. The place is thriving, and has, at present, some two or three hundred farmers within five miles; and two good water-powers within half a mile of the depot; also a post-office and store. Large quantities of wheat are shipped daily from this Station.

Communications as to the undersigned will be promptly attended to. C. M. BERKEY,
aug8-244dtm Horseyville, Monroe Co., Wis

Daguerrean Artists.

NEW PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS!!
W. H. SHERMAN, ARTIST,

HAS REMOVED TO NO. 16 WISCONSIN St., (2d floor, up stairs,) Cogswell's Block. Having a new suite of Rooms built expressly for the business, with the BEST OPERATING LIGHT to be found in the West, he confidently hopes to be able to please those who may favor him with their orders.

All are invited to call and judge of his advantages for themselves.

A complete assortment of Cases and Frames of every description on hand. mar2-6dly

BAYLEY & PATTERSON

DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their new Photograph, Ambrotype, Daguerreotype, Stereotype, Melanotype, and every other type Gallery, No. 210½ East Water St., a few doors North of the Post Office, lately occupied by Mr. E. W. Fowler.

With our facilities for producing superior pictures and our desire to please, we hope to merit the patronage of all. Visits will always be acceptable, whether persons wish pictures or not. B. & P.

I thank the public for past favors and recommend my successors as gentlemen who will do all in their power to please.

mar27j1dly1stpp E. W. FOWLER

GLORIOUS NEWS!!

PRICES REDUCED

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 27, 1860.

Letter from Ex Gov. Brown, of Tennessee.

Ex-Gov. Neill S. Brown, of Tennessee, has written a long letter, deprecating disunion with characteristic outspokenness—He can see no cause for secession in anything that has yet occurred, and thinks that no rule of sound morals or policy will justify the South in withdrawing from the Union. The grievances of which the South complains, he thinks can be remedied in the Union. He cannot believe that Mr. LINCOLN contemplates any harm to the South, and is in favor of a conference of the Southern States, by which present difficulties can be adjusted. Secession, however, he affirms, has no place in the Constitution or out of it. He continues:

"If it exists, it is the first instance in the history of governments where a constitution provides for its own destruction—and such would be the effect of it. For if one State has the right, all have it,and our whole government is a farce and delusion. Texas, on the day after her admission, after having cost so much blood and treasure, and after receiving from the government $10,000,000, might, on the same principle, have retired from the Union as a matter of right. So might Tennessee to day, and erect herself here in the heart of the Union, into a foreign government, to the annoyance of all her neighbors. The Constitution itself, in the first sentences of its preamble, furnishes its own interpretation, when it says: 'We, the *people* of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union—to establish justice—insure domestic tranquility—do *ordain* and *establish* this Constitution for the United States of America.' That cannot be construed into a compact among the States—nor can the Union there formed by the people be constructed into a mere league among sovereign communities."

Mr. BROWN is not carried away by bright visions of a Southern Confederacy, and asks some pertinent questions. We quote:

"In the event of dissolution, I ask where are we to go? What sort of a government are we to have? Are we sure it will be a republic? Who knows? Will it be like this in all its outlines? We have no security for it—we will have abandoned our old vessel without knowing whether the new one will be propelled by sails or by steam. We take all the risk, and begin the enterprise penniless and poor. If we are fortunate enough to escape war, we will still have need for all our resources. We must have a navy and an army, and fortifications, and all the machinery of a government. I do not see how the expenses can be less than our present government. They are now, according to Mr, Buchanan, fifty five millions.

I hear much said about doing away with tariffs under the new government. If so,the revenue must be raised by direct taxes,to be levied on every man's property. A few figures will show such a system to be intolerable in its burdens. If the whole fifteen Southern States go out, Tennessee, for example, will constitute about one-thirteenth in population, being more than an avarige state. That would make her share of the taxes about four millions per annum. A pretty round price to pay for the privilege of breaking up the best government the world ever saw, and getting into a new one that has never been tried. Such a burden would be almost intolerable."

In concluding, he remarks:

"Finally, I am for the Union as long as it can be maintained consistently with the compromises of the Constitution. And I am for redressing the wrongs of the South in the Union, by peaceful remedies; and until such remedies are exhausted by fair trial, I will not yield, unless I am overruled by the voice of Tennessee. My advice is, to stand by the Union, and in the language of the dying Lawrence, I say: 'Don't give up the ship!'"

The Senate Committee of Conciliation.

The following is the committee of the Senate, under the resolution of Mr. POWELL of Kentucky, charged with the duty of devising measures for the preservation of the Union:

POWELL, of Kentucky, democrat.
HUNTER, of Virginia, democrat.
CRITTENDEN, of Kentucky, whig.
SEWARD, of New York, republican.
TOOMBS, of Georgia, democrat.
DOUGLAS, of Illinois, democrat.
COLLAMER, of Vermont, republican.
DAVIS, of Mississippi, democrat.
WADE, of Ohio, republican.
BIGLER, of Pennsylvania, democrat.
RICE, of Minnesota, democrat.
DOOLITTLE, of Wisconsin, republican.
GRIMES, of Iowa, republican.

This is a very able committee, and we have great faith in their patriotism and statesmanship. It is indeed doubtful whether they can agree on a compromise which,without being dishonorable to the North, will satisfy the extreme South. But they will *try*.

NOT TO BE SATISFIED.—The Philadelphia *Press*, referring to the fact that *after* the Committee of Thirty-three had adopted a resolution in favor of conciliation and concession, the Secessionists at Washington telegraphed to all the Cotton States to hasten secession by all possible means, says:

"No friend of the Union can read this without amazement. It will be seen that the first step towards conciliation by the House Committee of Thirty-three terrified the Secessionists to such a degree that they sent off a despatch demanding instant and separate State secession, and calling upon the Southern people not to be deceived by the favorable indications put forth by the committee We are glad to perceive that not a single member of the Southern Union party signs the extraordinary manifesto originated by Mr. Davis. It now becomes the solemn duty of the Republicans, the Americans and the National Democrats on the House Committee, representing, as they do, an overwhelming majority of the American people, to stand fast to the doctrine laid down in the resolution of Mr. Rust, of Arkansas, and if, in the face of this proffer of peace, looking, as it does, to practical remedies to right Southern wrongs, the Disunionists are enabled to carry out their treasonable designs, then let the consequences be upon their own hands."

SOUTH CAROLINA VERSUS OUR THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* tells the following story, which doubtless refers to Judge LAREDEE,the Representative from the Third District in this State:

"A few days ago a South Carolinian in conversation with a Douglas M. C. from the Northwest, was boasting of the ability of the Cotton States to accomplish disunion even by the sword. 'Why, sir,' he said, 'you don't know our strength! In my State we have 42,000 voters.' 'Indeed,' grandly responded his companion, 'but would you believe that in my single district, away up in the Northwest, where our rivers are frozen over several months in the year, I received 20,000 votes and then *was beaten by five thousand majority!*' The secessionist discovered, for the first time evidently, that he had not posted himself."

MUSICAL.—The Society for the Promotion of the Science of Music at Amsterdam had invited, about eighteen months ago, the learned in music of all countries to join in a competition, for which the works might be written in any language. The prize task was an historical treatise on the musical condition of the Netherlands during the six teenth century. At the meeting on the 23d of last October,the dispensation of the prizes took place; they were all won by German competitors. The first prize was gained by Herr D. ARNOLD, of Alberfeld, for an historical critical essay on the rythm and melody of the old Netherland national popular songs. Herr KADE, at Dresden, won a second prize, for a monography on Matthaus le Maistre; and HERR E. PASQUE, at Darmstadt, received a prize for a monography on Adrian Petit. Moreover, the Society has undertaken to support the publication of the works of Herren ARNOLD and KADE.

ANOTHER ENGLISH PRINCE will shortly visit this country. It is Prince ALFRED, the second son of Queen VICTORIA, who has left the ship Euryalus, and will join the St. George, a larger vessel, which will sail early next year for the West Indies and North America.

A Voice for Union in Georgia.

Hon. J. T. KING has written an excellent letter to the *Augusta* (Ga.) *Constitutionalist*, with the signature PINKNEY, in which he attempts to reason with his infatuated fellow citizens, as follows:—

"This panic has cost our planters millions in the depreciation of their property; and if it continues long, must prove disastrous to all classes, and the debtor class must be attended with absolute ruin. I wish to show that no immediate danger to us is threatened; that so far as any material interest is concerned, the danger is remote and contingent. The equality in the territories—the main question involved—is practically a mere abstraction, and, by many of our greatest southern statesmen, believed to be of little importance to the South. This claim, as a constitutional right, is of recent origin.—It was not insisted on in the angry discussions on the Missouri Compromise. Its justice, however, was none the less clear, and the claim should not be surrendered.

Our grievance, from the election of Lincoln, is not one of tangible and immediate wrong to our interests. It is only an evidence on which we ground an apprehension of future wrong. It is evidence, but not conclusive evidence. The election of Lincoln is more an insult than an injury. It does not touch a single interest that would not have been equally exposed under any President. I am not indifferent, however, to the outrages of those States who have violated the social compact by hostile legislation. But I would not adopt a Japanese plan of redress, and rip open my own bowels, but punish the guilty parties. This we can do better in the Union than out of it.

Let us keep cool. 'The best courage is tempered with caution.' The inflammatory appeals of some of our orators have excited the people to madness, and we see and feel the effects upon our material interests, of the panic created, in view of the 'reign of terror, anarchy and blood,' which they tell is upon us. I am amazed at some of our most worthy citizens, who have been goading the masses to this work of ruin. Look at the address of Mr. Cobb, a citizen of high standing—a man of talents, a prominent lawyer, and a Christian! Conjectures without reason, assertions without proof, conclusions without premises! No revolutionary harangue of Desmoulins, Danton or Coathon was ever better calculated to stir up an excited population to anarchy and blood. 'A revolt within seven miles of Milledgeville?' Why should there not be one in the neighborhood of every secession speech? 'Free by virtue of Lincoln's election!' Who told them so,except our own imprudent declamation? Why not let them know the truth? instead of quoting the ravings of such fanatics as Garrison as the sentiments of Lincoln and the whole North."

Ring of the True Metal.

The New York papers of Friday contain the following dispatch, which will meet a cordial response from every Republican:

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Dec. 20, 1860.

To-day's *Journal* has a startling leader on *secession*, which, from the peculiar relations of the paper to the President elect, has great significance.

I says that South Carolina cannot dissolve the Union by the simple passage of resolutions or other passive demonstrations. Her Federal officers may resign, and she may close her courts and post-offices,but she cannot get out of this Union until she conquers this government. While this government endures, there can be no disunion.

If South Carolina does not obstruct the collection of the revenues at her ports, nor violate another federal law, there will be no trouble,and she will not be out of the Union. If she violates the law, then comes the tug of war.

The *President* of the United States, in such an emergency, has a plain duty to perform. Mr. Buchanan may shirk it, or the emergency may not exist during his administration. If not, then the Union will last through his term of office.

If the overt act on the part of South Carolina takes place on or after the 4th of March, 1861, then the duty of executing the laws will devolve upon Mr. Lincoln.

The laws of the United States must be executed. The President has no discretionary power on the subject. His duty is emphatically pronounced in the Constitution. Mr. Lincoln will perform the duty.

Disunion by armed force is treason, and treason must and will be put down at all hazards.

What Henry Clay Thought of Secession.

In 1850, in reply to a threat that Georgia would secede, Mr. CLAY said:

"Now, Mr. President, I stand here in my place, meaning to be unawed by any threats, whether they come from individuals or from States. I should deplore, as much as any man living or dead, that arms should be raised against the authority of the Union, either by individuals or by States. But, after all that has occurred, if any one State, or a portion of the people of any State choose to place themselves in military array against the government of the Union, I am for trying the strength of the government. [Applause in the galleries.] I am for ascertaining whether we have a government or not—practical, efficient, capable of maintaining its authority,and of upholding the powers and interests which belong to a government. Nor, sir, am I to be alarmed or dissuaded from any such course by intimations of the spilling of blood. If blood is to be spilt, by whose fault is it? Upon the supposition, I maintain it will be the fault of those who chooses to raise the standard of disunion,and endeavor to prostrate this government; and, sir, when that is done, so long as it pleases God to give me a voice to express my sentiments, or an arm, weak and enfeebled as it may be by age, that voice and that arm will be on the side of my country for the support of the general authority and for the maintenance of the powers of this Union." [Applause in the galleries.]

WHAT THE CHARLESTON MERCURY THINKS OF UNION-SAVING.—The Charleston *Mercury* has the following hard hits at Northern Union savers:

"Our friends in the North will probably, from their recent experience,learn the lesson that, in revolutionary times, halfway measures are simply child's play; and what is vulgarly and stupidly called conservatism is very much what would be the course of the aristocratic gentleman of the old school,who seeks to arrest the progress of the locomotive by thrusting his gold-headed cane or crutch between the wheels.

But though regarding these worthy patriots of New York as having grievously blundered in their policy, we are yet bound to do justice to their merits and good intentions. We have yet a word to say to them in respect to this late contest.

The South did not wish a party to form merely to save the Union. We have had reason, for thirty years, to distrust all the professed Union-savers. What justice required of the Northern party, who were disposed to be friends to us, was, that they should save the South; and we demanded that their avowed object and earnest desire should be to do justice to the South! To save the Union seemed to us rather their concern than ours, and a very selfish concern too! Our object was the safety of the South, and let the Union save itself as it can."

QUITE UNNECESSARY.—It is proposed in one of the Charleston papers that, in order to keep unpleasant news away from that State, the State Government shall take the control of the telegraph lines, and appoint as operators "men of sterling character and well known, who would see that nothing detrimental to the public welfare is transmitted over the wires." It is also suggested that the Southern press should unite and have their own reporter at the North, who shall send them *only such news as is suited* to that market. "The South Carolinians would do well," says the Springfield *Republican*, "to send a commission to Austria to learn how to do these things, or maybe the late King of Naples could be secured to take the management of their department of surveillance. He is used to the business, and would know by instinct whatever is dangerous to the peace of the peculiar institution."

This, for present protection, is quite unnecessary. It is now well understood in all telegraphic circles that no operator nor agent at Charleston dare send a dispatch speaking in derogation of the secession movement. An exchange says that if one should do so, there would be a funeral from that office on the next day.

LONGEVITY OF ANIMALS.—The average age of cats is 15 years; a squirrel, 7 or 8 years; rabbits, 7; a bear, 20; a dog, 20; a wolf, 20; a fox, 14 to 16; lions are long-lived, the one known by the name of Pompey lived to the age of 70; elephants have been known, it is asserted, to live to the great age of 400 years. When Alexander the Great had conquered Porus, King of India, he captured a great elephant named Ajax, and let him go with this inscription: "Alexander, the son of Jupiter, hath dedicated Ajax to the sun." The elephant was found with his inscription 350 years after. Pigs have been known to live to the age of 30; the rhinoceros to 20, a horse to 62, but averages 25 to 30; camels sometimes live to the age of 100; sheep seldom exceed 10; cows, live about 15 years. Cuvier says that whales sometimes live a thousand years; the dolphin and porpoises attain 30; an eagle died at Vienna at the age of 104; ravens frequently reach 100; swans have been known to live 300 years; pelicans are long lived; a tortoise has been known to live to the age of 107.

John A. Andrew on Freedom of Speech.

MONDAY, Dec. 10.

To the Editor of the Boston Journal:—The accompanying letter is so fully in accordance with my own views of right, that I venture to request you to give it the publicity of your paper, believing the public will also indorse the sentiments.

Respectfully, &c.,
MOSES KIMBALL.

BOSTON, Dec. 4, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR:—I am tempted to write to you from my house, where I am confined by temporary illness, to express my cordial sympathy with the result of the City Republican Convention in your nomination last evening. And I beg to suggest that you should plant yourself for *one* position, at once, on the great right of free speech, and put yourself before the people on that issue directly; not to the exclusion of other ideas, but *in connection with them*. "The *right* to think, to know and to utter," as John Milton said, is the dearest of all liberties.—Without this right there can be no liberty to any people; with it there can be no slavery.

I care not for the truth or error of the opinions held or uttered, nor for the wisdom of the words or time of their attempted *expression*, when I consider this great question of fundamental significance, this great right which must first be secured before free society can be said to stand on any foundation, but only on temporary and capacious props.

Rich or poor, white or black, great or small, wise or foolish, in season or out of season, in the right or in the wrong, whosoever will speak let him speak, and whosoever will hear let him hear. And let no one pretend to the prerogative of another man's liberty. In this respect there is, and there can be, no superiority of persons or privileges, nor the slightest pretext for any.

"Error of opinion may be safely tolerated so long as truth is left free to combat it. So said Jefferson, and I firmly believe it. But even if I did not feel so sure of that, still I would contend for the right to utter the error as well as the right to utter the truth, simply because the right is not derived from the *thing spoken*, but belongs to the *speaker*, irrespective of, and anterior to, the speech contemplated or made; and also because the public spoken of can only decide between the various claimants to the possession of the truth, *after they have spoken and been heard*.

The men of yesterday who broke up a meeting, the original calling of which I could not but disapprove, only put themselves in in the wrong, and put the callers of it in the right. And I, for one, am free and happy to declare myself on the subject wherever I have any proper occasion to do so.

I trust you will have a successful canvass It will be out of my power to participate in it, overstacked and overworn as I am by numerous cases.

But I assure you of my hearty sympathy and best wishes, and am, very faithfully, your friend and servant.

Hon. MOSES KIMBALL.

JOHN A. ANDREW.

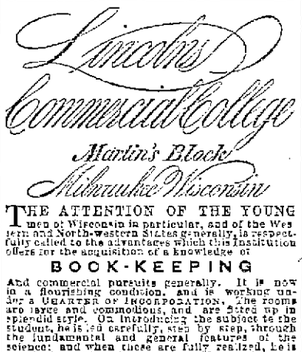
HASHEESH-EATERS—ONE EFFECT OF THE DRUG.—The curious effect of Hasheesh, or Indian Hemp, in prolonging the duration of time, is well described by one P. B. Randolph, a relation to the Randolph of Roanoke. He says that on one occasion, when he was completely under the influence of this drug, he counted the years that it took him to dip his pen in ink and carry it to the paper on which he wrote; and in this short space of actual time,which was but the fraction of a minute, he distinctly numbered six hundred and fifty years. In walking from his bed to the door of his room, it took over ten thousand years, and during the time the fantasia lasted, which was about four hours, he had a distinct consciousness and experience of many hundred thousand years. Every year, month, week, day, hour, minute and second was palpably distinct, and the individual experience of each moment was clear and definitely marked. This comes nearer to realizing the dream of the "Eternal Progressionists" than anything we have yet heard; though certainly it will be to them a slow eternity. The description, however, exactly reproduces the feeling imparted by an overdose of hasheesh on a single occasion, or its continued use for any length of time.

DEATH FORETOLD.—A young man named A. M. Tebbets died at Lewiston, Me., two weeks since; his mother died in Athens on the 4th of September last, and a sister on the 15th of the same month. On the 14th of October last, two other sisters died in Lewiston. Just before the youngest of these died she said to her brother, "Your turn will come next, and before a great while." He, upon hearing this, seemed to be struck with a mental paralysis, from which he never recovered, taking no further apparent interest in anything. As he was passing up Main street, Nov. 8, he said he met his mother, who was dead. He said she spoke to him, telling him he would die in three weeks. In three weeks from that day he died of the typhoid fever. He was about twenty years of age.

A Great Medicine for Females.

Hundreds of stimulants have been invented and sold, purporting to be specific in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these stimulants has been to impart *momentary activity* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles*; but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration greater than ever before; and the repeated attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these *false remedies*, have finally resulted in destroying what little vital organization was left. But in using "*Boerhave's Holland Bitters*," you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, BOERHAVE. Under its influence, every nerve and muscle receives new strength and vigor, appetite and sleep return, and finally, perfect health. See advertisement in another column. dec18ed1mo.

GUERNSEY'S BALM!



THE ATTENTION OF THE YOUNG men of Wisconsin in particular, and of the Western and Northwestern States generally, is respectfully called to the advantages which this Institution offers for the acquisition of a knowledge of

BOOK-KEEPING

And commercial pursuits generally. It is now in a flourishing condition, and is working under a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION. The rooms are large and commodious, and are fitted up in splendid style. On introducing the subject to the student, he is so carefully instructed by lectures through the fundamental and general features of the science; and when these are fully realized, he is required to embark in a career of several specilations and merchandizing, framing and adjusting contracts, purchases, sales, &c., &c.; making the necessary entries in the various day and ledger books, in precisely the same manner and order as they are made by the skillful Book-Keeper, in the counting-rooms of actual business.

Thus when the work is completed, the student finds himself, not a mere theoretical, but a practical accountant, being fully competent in every branch of this interesting and important science, as applied to General Mercantile, Wholesale, Retail, Commission, Importing, Receiving, Forwarding Domestic Shipping, Stocks, Exchange, Banking, Manufacturing, Mining, Steamboating, Railroading and business of every kind or country whatever, in each of which, he has met with adverse as well as prosperous operation.

The Ladies' Department is entirely separate and tastefully furnished.

TERMS:—For a full course of instruction, with the privilege of completing the same at any time, including penmanship thus affording a life Scholarship, $40.

For further particulars,a send for Circular and Catalogue. Address LOWRIE LINCOLN,
sept28ed1w&wly President.

August Fiertzheim & Co.,

CABINET MAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

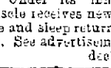
FINE & COMMON FURNITURE.

UPHOLSTERY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Oneida Street, North Side,

TWO DOORS EAST OF THE BRIDGE. apl25dly

Carriage Painting



DONE

IN THE VERY BEST STYLE,

—AND ON—

REASONABLE TERMS,

—BY—

J. RASTALL.

Shop at the FOOT OF MASON ST., over Butler & Post's Livery Stable. jan22dly

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

MR. T. ABEL, THE DIRECTOR OF the Milwaukee Musical Society, will be glad to receive a few pupils and give them instruction in the art of the Organ and Pianoforte. Those wishing to make arrangements with Mr. H. N. Hempstead, at his store on Main street, or Mr. W. S. Dingeldein, at his office in the Walker House, will meet with prompt attention.
Milwaukee, Dec. 1859. dec16d1m

UMBRELLAS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF EXTRA large sizes, just received. Every variety of silk, gingham, cotton and alpaca Umbrellas, at unusually low rates.
H. N. HEMPSTEAD,
nov16 266 Main Street.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

WANT TO PURCHASE, FROM ONE to two thousand acres more or less; also, City and County Orders; also City Mortgages, for which I will pay CASH. CALEB WALL, Agent.

Auction Sales.

CITY AUCTION ROOM.

Great and Extensive Sale of Books

STATIONERY, ENCYCLOPÆDIAS,

And Scientific, Mechanical and Agricultural Works,

TO TAKE PLACE AT THE STORE ROOM, NO. 165 EAST WATER STREET, next to Lovejoy's Ice Cream Store.

THIS EVENING!

At 7 o'clock, and every evening, until the entire stock is sold. This is one of the largest collections of VALUABLE AND STANDARD WORKS in various departments of Literature, Science and Arts ever offered in this city, comprising Annuals and elegantly illustrated Works, fine Miniature Books, Books suitable for Holiday Presents, Albums, Gilt, Letter and Note Paper, Envelopes, Gold Pens, &c. The books are new and fashionably bound, and will be sold without reserve. Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine them during the day. dec7 CALEB WALL.

WHEREAS, THE MANITOWOC AND Mississippi Railroad Company, a Corporation duly constituted by the laws of the State of Wisconsin, did execute to the subscribers, on the first day of October, in the year A. D. 1856, a mortgage deed, whereby it did convey from its eastern termination in the village of Manitowoc, to the Rock river, at the village of Menasha, in the county of Winnebago, and also all the right, title, interest and estate and to be constructed, together with all and singular the roadway and land procured or acquired for the purposes of the same, and the rights of way within the limits aforesaid, together with all bridges, fences, privileges, rights, franchises, and real estate, then owned by said Company, for the purpose of said road, or which would be thereafter owned or acquired by the said company, within the limits aforesaid, and all the tolls, income, issues and profits to be had from the same, and all lands which were or should be used and occupied for depots or stations, or which should be thereafter purchased therefor, with all the buildings standing, or which should be erected thereon, together with all necessaries, fixtures, engines and machines, and all the rolling stock, tools and machinery owned or thereafter acquired by the said company, and in any way belonging or appertaining to the Manitowoc and Mississippi Railroad, or which should be constructed within the limits aforesaid, including all the property, real or personal, hereinunto said railroad, with the tenements, and all the rights, privileges and franchises thereunto belonging or appertaining, to the undersigned, to be held by them in trust for the benefit and security of the bondholders of said company, for the payment of the bonds of the company, secured by said mortgage deed, or any of the interest thereon, as therein provided, and to be disposed of in the manner therein provided, as by reference to said mortgage deed will more fully appear.

And whereas, by said mortgage deed it is provided that if said railroad company should fail, neglect or refuse to pay the interest on any of the bonds of said company secured by said mortgage deed, at any time when the same shall become payable, and in accordance to the tenor of said bonds, when demanded, then, at the expiration of sixty days from and after such default, certain of the trustees named in said principal or interest shall then remain unpaid, a subscribers hereby were authorized and directed to sell and convey, upon the request in writing of the holders of at least one-half of the said mortgage bonds issued under said mortgage deed, then outstanding and unpaid, all the property, rights and franchises of the said railroad company, both real and personal, estate and property, rights and franchises, or so much thereof as should be necessary to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the said bonds remaining unpaid, at public auction, in the village of Manitowoc, in the State of Wisconsin, or in the city of New York, or in the city of Boston, as the said trustees should elect, first giving sixty days' previous notice of the time, place and terms of such sale, and of the real and personal property and estate, rights and franchises to be sold, by publishing the same in two newspapers of good circulation in each of the cities at which said sale should be made, in order to pay and discharge the principal and interest of the said bonds remaining unpaid, and to convey and deliver to the purchaser or purchasers thereof a good and sufficient deed or conveyance in fee simple for the same, which will be a bar against the said railroad company, their successors and assigns, and all persons claiming under them, of all right, interest or claim of, in or to the said property, real and personal estate and property, rights and franchises, or any part thereof.

And whereas, the interest that became due on the first day of October, 1857, upon all the bonds issued by said company secured by the mortgage deed aforesaid, amounting to the sum of three thousand one hundred and fifteen dollars, was not paid by said Company, of which non-payment more than one half of said bondholders have given the undersigned, and said trustees written notice, in full compliance with the conditions of said mortgage, and have required them to proceed to sell said property in or to pay the amount due them on said notice.

Notice, therefore, is hereby given, that in pursuance of the authority in us vested by said mortgage deed, we will expose for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, or for the said outstanding mortgage bonds, or any of them, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the city of New York, on the 20th day of March, 1861, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, all and singular the last mentioned and described railroad property, together with the privileges, rights, franchises, personal property and real estate aforesaid, together with all the rights, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or appertaining, or therewith used, for the purpose of paying the indebtedness of said Company, to said bondholders, and the cost and expenses of this sale.

New York, August 25, 1860.

A. G. FLAGG,
JAMES HORNER, } Trustees.
oct29d3m2d14 JAMES HORNER, }

Hats, Caps and Furs.

SOMETHING NEW!

READ IT!!

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT

I will hereafter offer my entire Stock of

HATS, CAPS,

—AND—

STRAW GOODS,

—OF THE—

Latest Styles

—AND BEST QUALITIES,

—AT—

UNPRECEDENTLY LOW PRICES

I will do a one price business or none at all. It is not right that those who will not barter for Goods should pay more than those who do. A GENTLEMAN should not pay more for goods than any one else.

I have marked my Goods to

Sell from 20 to 33 per cent Less

THAN USUAL RETAIL PRICES,

And will call to all alike.

The best fashionable

SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS,

—ALSO—

EVERY STYLE OF CAP MADE TO ORDER

And Warranted to Suit or no Sale.

J. A. BENSHIRT & CO.

☞ Remember the Place: 161 East Water street, Sign of the White Hear. sept18dly

HATS, CAPS, FURS,

Buckskin Gloves and Mittens.

A LARGE AND SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT of the above mentioned goods, cheaper, for CASH, than can be purchased of any other House in the West. Call and see.
W. D. BLODI,
165 East Water st., opposite Bradford Brok.
nov28d3m2dly

Drugs and Medicines.

10 TONS PUTTY "BLADDERS."
3 TONS RED LEAD, ENG.
1 TON LITHARGE.
20 CASKS ROCHELLE OCHRE.
2 CASKS ENG. ROSE PINK.
5 CASKS PRUSSIAN BLUE.

5 CASES ULTRAMARINE BLUE,
50 BBLS ASSORTED LAMP BLACK,
75 BBLS ENGLISH WHITING,
50 BBLS WHITE CHALK,
25 BBLS VEN. RED, ENGLISH,
5 BBLS PATENT DRYER.

10 Cases Amer. Vermillion,
5 Bags Eng. Vermillion,
1 Bag Trieste Vermillion,
2 Cases Chinese Vermillion,
25 Cases Chrome Green,
50 Cases Paris Green.

sp13 BOSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

HENRY FESS, JR.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST

190 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

TALLOW OIL.

25 BBLS. TALLOW OIL, A TIP-TOP article, for sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist, 190 East Water Street.

REED'S BAKING POWDERS, FOR sale, by the gross or dozen, 165, at retail.
HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS. Egrossreceived and for sale by
HENRY FESS, JR.,
Jan19 Wholesale Agent for Milwaukee.

CONCENTRATED LYE.--30 CASES RECEIVED, and for sale by
HENRY FESS, JR., 190 East Water st.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL, FOR sale by HENRY FESS, JR., Druggist.

JOHN RICE,

Wholesale Druggist, and Jobber

—IN—

ALCOHOL,
BURNING FLUID,
CAMPHENE,
TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL,
WINDOW GLASS
CLASS WARE,
PAINTS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
AND BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS.

I ALSO HAVE LEAD AND ZINC ground in Oil, put up in 12½ and 25 lb Cans, made of extra thick Tin, equal to Kegs, and will sell at Factory Prices, at 1c and 2c advance of price for it in kegs. I also have internal machine contracts for GINSENG ROOT at the highest market price.
83 East Water Street,
MILWAUKEE, ... WISCONSIN
jan14

SEYMOUR HOUSE,

OSHKOSH, WIS.

THIS HOUSE IS SITUATED CLOSE to the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Depot, Landing of the Green Bay, Fox and Wolf River steamboats, and on the main business street of the city. It is a first class House, with every convenience and accommodation of a First Class Hotel. It commands a fine view of the City and Lake Winnebago.
dec6ed1m Oshkosh.

50 BUSHELS HICKORY NUTS JUST received at No. 170 East Water street, under H. Friend & Bro's.
nov16d3t5dly I. G. GOODRICH.

Groceries and Provisions.

N. G. BISHOP,

No. 205 East Water Street, Mil.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries & Provisions,

GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, &c

WOULD INVITE THE ATTENTION of Families and Country storekeepers to the large stock of goods in the above line, which he is just receiving from the East, and which he offers for sale, at the lowest cash, or short cash, prices as low as those of any other establishment in the trade.

TEAS—Best in the market. Oolong, English Breakfast, Imperial, Young Hyson, &c., &c.

COFFEES—Java, Rio, Laguira, &c., &c.

PICKLES—Chow Chow, Pimentine, plain and mixed.

SPICES—Ground and whole.

CANNED FRUITS—Peaches, Plums, Pine Apples, Tomatoes, &c., &c.

SAUCES—Worcestershire, Sultana, Anchovy, Catsup, Capers, &c.

PRESERVES—French and English Mustard.

FRUIT PUDDINGS—Raspberry, Sago, Farina, Corn Starch.

FANCY SOAP—Hinton, Sly, Windsor, Almond, Castile, Palm and Transparent.

CORDAGE and MATS of all kinds.

WOODEN and WILLOW WARE of every variety.

BIRD SEED—Canary and Rape, from fifty cents to $1. With every other article in his line of business.

☞ The public are respectfully invited to give him a call, and they may be assured he will offer them goods at prices which cannot fail to give entire satisfaction; and to country merchants he would say call at this retail emporium before purchasing elsewhere, and you will find it for your interest.

Milwaukee, Oct. 24, 1860. oct25 6m

The World Moves Rapidly,

And is developing something new

EVERY DAY!

AND WE INTEND TO KEEP RIGHT side up with the times, even in this progressive age. One improvement, which has been developed within the last 6 months, and is not only of individual interest, but a public benefit, is that

HUNN & CROSBY

Keep the largest and best selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

In the City. It is absolutely useless for us to mention all the articles in the store, as much being the case, we simply make it understood, to those who want something else to-day, off on during the holidays, we would say you want to

Come Around and See Us!

You will find ours

THE ONLY STORE IN THE CITY

S3 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.

Real Estate Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Bonds and Mortgages Negotiated.

JEROLIMAN & BOYD.

WESTERN LANDS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO the purchase of Western lands, either for cash, exchange for merchandize, or other property.
C. DUDLEY.

From W. H. McDermid's Agency

RICHARDSON'S

IRISH LINENS,

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &C.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm,

J. H. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

Their Linens so produced essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective linens are presented, bleached in steam and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish houses, who, by students of the history, has inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will only be rendered impossible so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

For Sale by PUTNAM, BOURKE, Astens, sept26d3m 34 Bridge street, New York.

Fuel, Lumber, &c.

CASH COAL YARD!

C. DUDLEY, AGENT,

IS NOW RECEIVING AND WILL KEEP constantly on hand for sale by the TON OR CARGO, the following kinds of Coal, of the very best quality and

LOW PRICES!

Delivered in any part of the city, or on the cars, at short notice. All Coal sold here warranted good weight, or the purchaser will be supplied.

All large consumers and dealers wishing to buy Bituminous Coal by the cargo, for steam and blacksmith purposes, will do well to call. We will sell at Cleveland prices, delivered on board vessel, the best and cheapest Steam and Blacksmith Coal now in the market. Near Propositions will be offered on Coal Mine, as I receive fresh Coals daily at Cleveland, and prepared to sell as low as anybody.

☞ Office of Empire Wood and Coal Yards, corner of Oneida and River Streets, Milwaukee, Wis.
aug28d2m2dly

PRINTING INKS!

New Haven Printing Ink Mills,

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

S. H. KEELER & SON,

PROPRIETORS.

Have always on hand and offer for sale at the lowest prices, a large assortment of

NEWS, BOOK AND JOB INK,

WHICH THEY GUARANTEE EQUAL to any in the market, and inferior to none. These Inks have been used in the principal Eastern and Southern printing offices, *and in no case have they failed to give satisfaction.*

ORDERS WILL RECEIVE OUR PROMPTEST ATTENTION.

We call attention to the following list of prices:

S. H. KEELER & SON,

12 *AUSTRIAN STREET, NEW HAVEN, CONN.*

NEWS INK from..... 15 to 25 cts
BOOK INK from..... 20 to 30 cts
CARD INK from..... $1,00 to $6,00
RED, BLUE, GREEN AND OTHER COLORS, GOLD SIZE, POSTER INKS, &c., &c.
nov22d3m2dly

CITY LAND OFFICE.

SIX THOUSAND ACRES OF DEEDED Farming Land in the State of Wisconsin—Lands selected and entered for actual settlers.

I am instructed by the owner to sell said land as at any price, and on such terms that any one who has only from one to five hundred dollars cash can secure for himself a home. Who should first avail themselves of this opportunity, agriculturists dependent upon the former. Call and examine the lands before purchasing elsewhere, and you will find it to your interest.

Also, for sale, 1,000 acres of Pine Lands, situated on the Wisconsin river, in Portage county, Wis. Call at my Land Office and inquire about the lands I have for sale. CALEB WALL,
General Agent of Milwaukee.

Books and Stationery.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847.

H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,

No. 219 East Water St., Mil.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Paper & Stationery Warehouse

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW AND large stock of Goods. Please call and examine our new stock of every variety of

PAPER,

Which we have had chances to buy at EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES, and which we therefore are enabled to, and will sell lower, than they ever have been sold at here before.

One Million Envelopes at New York prices.

STATIONERY of every description, at prices that defy competition. The first-class

BOOKBINDERY,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

And Ruling Establishment,

Of ours, which is so well and favorably known all over the State, is in a flourishing condition, under the superintendence of Mr. Schoen, of Ashers and Binders, EDWARD QUINN, and Stands ever ready to do any kind of work in their line, BETTER and CHEAPER than any other Bindery in the State.

☞ N. B.—Just received—A new patent F. O. Seal for $1,25. A new kind of Reference Files, Very practicable. oct24d3m2dly

H. C. BRADLEY & CO.,

Rag and Paper Dealers,

WAREHOUSE, NO. 6 REES' BLOCK,

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

H. C. BRADLEY. HARRISON HANFORD & CO.
feb15dly1225

The 7th Volume

—OF—

THE WISCONSIN REPORTS,

CAN BE FOUND AT

S. C. WEST'S.

ALSO THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF Law Blanks, Blank Books, Stationery, &c.,—

Special Notices.

THE NEW AMERICAN WATCH!
Made at Waltham, Mass.

IN ORDER TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS of gentlemen who prefer a thinner Watch than those usually made by us, we have lately issued a new style of Watch on the three-quarter plate model, especially designed for this purpose.

In establishing this new series, it has also been our design to produce a Watch in every way superior to the best and highest priced products of the most reputable of English and Swiss manufacturers: and no labor or expense has been spared to this end.

In all respects of fine and durable material, of external and internal finish, of accurate compensation and adjustment, of mathematically just proportions, and of *practical results*, our new three-quarter plate Watch challenges comparison with any in the world.

The following named gentlemen may be referred to in relation to these Watches:

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Me.,	John G. Saxe, Vermont.
N. P. Willis, New York,	Hon. N. P. Banks, Mass.
Horace Greeley,	Frank Leslie,
Cyrus W. Field, New York.	Wm. H. Carv, N. York,
Paul Morphy, New Orleans,	Norman Ward, Wis.
Dr. J. Marion Sims,	Prof. Barnard, West Pt.
Lieut. H. A. Wise, U.S.N.,	Col. W. J. Hardee, U.S.A.
S. I. Prime, D.D., Wm. Pa's,	Wilson G. Hunt, N. York,
Gen. G. P. Morris, N.York,	Peter Cooper, N. York.

CAUTION.—As our Watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the watch, and signed by our Treasurer, E. E. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.

As these watches are for sale by jewelers generally throughout the Union, the American Watch Company do not solicit orders for single watches.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Wholesale Agents No. 182 Broadway, N. Y.
nov23d20]s4w2m-cod&weow

SINGER'S
New Family Machines

In order to place
BEST FAMILY MACHINES IN THE WORLD
within the reach of all, we have reduced our LETTER A, or TRANSVERSE SHUTTLE MACHINES, beautifully ornamented, to $50.

THESE LETTER A MACHINES CONTAIN
Recent Valuable Improvements,
and will sew the FINEST FABRICS, as well as materials of coarse texture.

We would ask for them before purchasing elsewhere, the kind attention of Vest makers, Dressmakers, and all those who want Machines for light manufacturing purposes.

THE SINGER MACHINES

make the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. They are of great speed, easily understood, simple in structure, of great durability, adapted to the heaviest and lightest goods, are fin'shed in the most perfect manner, may be used for several years without requiring repair, and if they do not give entire satisfaction the money will be refunded.

THE STANDARD MACHINES

For Tailoring, Boot and Shoe-making, Harness-making, Carriage Trimming, etc., etc., will do more work, earn more money, and are cheaper than those of any other maker on a gilt.

We have always on hand, Hemming Gauges, Silk, Twist, Linen and Cotton Thread on Spools, best Machine Oil in Bottles, etc., etc.

☞ Send for I. M. SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE.

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.
MILWAUKEE OFFICE, No. 17 Newhall House,
nov19d1dly W. H. SPEAR, Ag't.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, (late F. C. Baldwin & Co.)
N. B.—$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 Pills, by return mail.
Sold by all good druggists. oct2k16dw6m

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture,

THIS GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL ORDINARY affections of the lungs and throat has a double popularity. Emanating from a leading member of the medical faculty, it is appreciated by the profession; while every member of the community who has tried it, pronounces it infallible.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and other druggists. dec16dlm

A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever.

WHO CAN BE BEAUTIFUL WITH A sickly pale complexion. Keep the pores of the Skin free, and the blood pure, and you defy disease with all the rose tints of health. The Skin is found with thousands of pores in every inch of surface, where office it is to carry off the impurities of the blood—the acknowledged cause of all diseases of mankind—when the skin is dry and parched—when it is covered with eruptions—when it is cold and clammy—when there is inward fever or inflammation—it is impossible for the skin under these circumstances to perform its proper functions, and to carry off the impurities from the body as designed by our Creator.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS remove these obstructions, and produce free and healthy blood, remove the eruptions from the skin, and cause it to brighten with the flush of youth and beauty. Beauty so much admired and loved. Beauty without paints and cosmetics—but beauty produced by health and happiness.

Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicines.
dec13d6w6t|dlowwlm

Dr. Ayer's Tasteless Vermifuge.

Children, thousands of them, die,
Their disease a mystery.
Worms the foul insidious crow—
Half these silent murders do.
Save your babes ye mothers; why
Will ye see them waste and die?
AYER'S VERMIFUGE would save
Hosts of infants from the grave.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 cents. Sold by Henry Foss, Jr., and by druggists. dec18dlm

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for Children Teething.—This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skillful nurses in New England, and has been used with never-failing success in thousands of cases.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system.

It will almost instantly relieve griping in the bowels, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause.

Look well for the genuine article, with fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, on the outside wrapper, without which none is genuine.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.
Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.
jel3d16dw&twly

Dr. McClintock's Cold and Cough Mixture,

COUGHS.—THE SUDDEN CHANGES of our climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL, and ASTHMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. PUBLIC SPEAKERS and SINGERS will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

See advertisement. nov22k23dw&3m

SETTLED FOREVER!
The important question of
POISON IN HAIR DYES!
Cristadoro's Hair Dye
Has been analyzed and
DECLARED HARMLESS!
By
Prof. ROBERT CHILTON, of New York.

The first analytic in America. Effect of the Dye almost instantaneous. Imparts a jet black or any shade of brown. Color rich, natural and uniform. Manufactured No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.
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IS TENDERED TO ASTHMATIC PATIENTS, who have proved the uselessness of all other preparations professional and empirical, as a means of relief which has never once failed in twenty years. On the same grounds it is recommended as equally reliable in Whooping Cough. Bear in mind that the inventor is a *regular physician of the highest standing.*

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The Return of the Firefly.

"We're into port at last, Fred, we've passed the harbor bar,
I see the wave upon the spire blaze like a fiery star,
The town's in sight, I see the cliffs, the very terraces track,
And the windows of St. Arthur's flashing all the sunlight back.

"Fred, rouse your heart for this, man! just think of mother's joy,
And of our dear blind father's pride in you, his young-eat boy;
Fancy how madcap Mary in a breath will laugh and cry,
And, more than that, how one you know will greet you by and by.

"Nay, never look so white, man; remember when we came
Becalm'd for five long days and nights in Trinidade's bay,
You said 'twould bring back life and strength to hear and see
And scent once more,
Could you but feel the wind that breathed along our own old shore.

"And now 'tis here: I smell the thyme and broom from off the down,
I see the yellow gorse that girds the hilltop like a crown,
I can not blame your weakness, boy, my tears could almost flow,
To think of nearing all we left three weary years ago.

"I'm sure they're thinking of us now with anxious hearts at home,
I warrant me they've heard long since the gallant fore-fly's come;
And little Mary will have been, a hundred times to-day,
Begging a peep through Walter's glass, and watching on the quay.

"We'll not be half an hour at home ere Katie will be there,
Blushing like any half-blown rose, as modest as she's fair.
What! not a word or smile at that? as if I did not know
For whom you've bought the shawl and wreath you're safely stowed below.

"Hurza! we're come to anchor; I see the steamer's smoke;
A little time, and we shall sit amid our own dear folk.
Come, let me help you up, Fred, by this you're rested well."
But the cheery words and loving voice on heedless senses fell.

The sailor boy lay dead and cold upon the sunny deck,
A little lock of golden hair hung from his bended neck.
'Twas just as well—he never could know that on his Katie's breast,
Another's child look'd up and smiled before it sank to rest.

Agricultural.

HORSE STABLE ARRANGEMENT.—Dr. Rueff, a German professor from Hohenheim, claiming to have much horse experience, and to have made the construction of stalls a study in various countries, has written twenty-seven pages on this subject for the last Patent Office Report, from which we condense the following suggestions:

"Stables should be near and convenient to the house, because the eye of the master is often worth as much as fodder to the animal. Horses require a higher degree of temperature than cattle, therefore they should occupy different stables. Dryness and warmth are essential to their highest health.

A stable bottom should be so constructed as to furnish a comfortable resting place, and prevent the accumulation of impurities. A descent of from one to two per cent is safest and most desirable. A greater descent strains the muscles of the limbs and back, and makes the hoof goutish and heel-bound. The most durable and cheapest material for a stable floor is double burnt bricks. Their chief disadvantage is in wearing out and loosening shoes rapidly, which may be partially remedied by an abundance of good litter. Cast iron and gutta percha floors are used in some English stables. The average space for a single stall should be sixty-six square feet, or a width of six feet and a length of eleven. If there are two rows of stalls in the stable, the passage way, when the backs of the horses are opposite each other, should be at least ten feet, and when the horses face each other, five feet. The height of the stable should be in proportion to the number of horses. For a single horse, not less than ten feet, and for a larger number, sixteen or twenty feet. Unoccupied stalls in a barn should be filled out with straw in order to produce warmth and reduce space.

The door of a stable should be at least six feet wide, and high enough to admit a horseman mounted. All edges of door posts should be rounded, to prevent injury to the hips of animals. The doors used most in cold weather should be on the side next the sun, so that the change of temperature may not make the animals uncomfortable. They should open outward, and never self-closing. A well-lighted stable is very important.—Light promotes action, and the want of it sluggishness and fat. A glaring light irritates the eye, while too much darkness deadens the optic nerve. Sky-lights are highly commended, and they also best favor a circulation of air. A window in the rear of the horse is preferable to one in front, unless the latter is placed at such a height as to carry the rays of light and currents of air above his head. White is a bad color for the walls of a stable, on account of its bright reflective power. Blue, yellow, or green things are far preferable. Ventilation is essential to the health of a horse, since the lungs of a middle-sized animal draw, at each inhalation, one hundred and twenty cubic inches. Those methods are the best which can be constantly in operation without injury to the animals. Such are air chimneys built into the ceiling over passage ways. The height of the manger should be about four feet, or should correspond in height with the elbow of the horse. Too high a position incites to wastefulness in food and even cribbing. It is impossible for a horse to indulge a cribbing propensity when the top of the manger is in a low position or within one foot of the floor. Stone or iron are preferable to wood for mangers.

MEDICAL QUALITIES OF CARROTS.—Stewart, in his excellent work on Stable Economy, says:

"Not only do carrots give strength and endurance to sound horses, but also give recovery and health to such as are sick. There is nothing better, perhaps nothing as good. When first given, they are strictly diuretic and laxative, but as these horses become accustomed to them, these effects cease to be produced. They also improve the state of the skin. They form a good substitute for grass, and an excellent alternative for horses out of condition. To sick and idle horses they render grain unnecessary. They are beneficial in all chronic diseases connected with breathing, and have a marked influence on chronic cough and broken wind. They are serviceable in diseases of the skin; and in combination with oats, restore a worn horse much sooner than oats alone."

REQUISITE FOR MAKING GOOD BUTTER.—There are a few butter makers who have established such a reputation for making the very best article, that all they can spare for market is eagerly taken at several cents a pound above the market price. So far as we know, they all adopt the following rules, or if they do not, they practice them:

1. A perfectly clean cellar; not only clean from all dirt, but from all bad odor,—pure, sweet and fresh.

2. Perfectly clean, well-aired vessels. Not an infinitesimal speck of any foreign or sour substance adheres to any of them.

3. Churning before the cream becomes old.

4. Securing such temperature that it will require about half-an-hour for churning; if performed much sooner, a loss of butter must occur, and it is not so good.

5. Work all the buttermilk out, which is rarely done—and work no longer, which is still more rarely, but sometimes done.

6. Use the purest salt—and add an ounce to a pound.

7. Pack the butter in the jars or firkins solid, put as much in a small space as possible.

8. Lastly, and first also, provide good sweet pasture, and plenty of perfectly pure water for the cows at all times.

If any have practiced all these, and have not succeeded, we should like to hear from them. It is proper to state, however, that there are some who assert that their vessels, &c., are clean, when in fact they are far from it.

CARE OF SHEEP IN SUMMER.—Some flocks of sheep look as if their owners were possessed of the notion that the only care required by these animals in summer was to relieve them of their fleeces, and then leave them to shift for themselves. But such is not the case—such is not the management of those who make sheep keeping a profitable part of their farming.

If sheep have been well wintered—if they go to a "good bit of grass" in May, in good store condition, their summer care will be a simple affair. Nothing more will be requisite than to keep them in fair pasturage, with an occasional supply of salt and the attentive eye of the owner frequent upon them, to see that all is right. It is often well to keep the ewes with lambs by themselves during the summer, that they may have better pasturage and a good supply of milk be furnished for their young. The wethers, and other sheep selected, when shearing, for sale during the summer, should also be placed in good feed by themselves; not only to have them in good marketable condition, but that there may be no temptation to allow buyers to select from the whole flock—the farmer should do his own selecting if he would keep up or improve the character of his flock. Yearling and dry ewes would do better on shorter grass than either class as above mentioned. If the flock is small and the feed good, all the store sheep can be kept together with good result.

The importance of keeping sheep always in good condition, can scarcely be over estimated. "Spring poor" flocks require especial good care during summer to gain flesh to any extent, and those allowed to become thin in summer, scarcely ever enter their winter yards fit to endure the rigors and deprivations of that season. On the contrary, if at any time it is thought profitable to fatten well kept sheep, it can readily be done, and at one half the expense required to bring a poor animal into equal condition. The yield of wool is considerably greater, the increase of the flock is of a much better character, and the value of the sheep in market is profitably increased by any reasonable amount of care in keeping them in good order.

A change of pasture is undoubtedly beneficial to all kinds of stock—and to none more than sheep. We have formerly remarked upon this question, and further experience convinces us that it is desirable to change the pastures of cows and sheep at least semi-monthly during the summer.—*Country Gentleman.*

STIRRING THE SOIL IN DROUTH.—An old topic, surely, but one of the greatest practical importance. An old topic, but one about which men are not agreed in opinion. There is theory and practice on both sides. Some farmers hold that stirring the earth in dry weather, injures the roots of plants, and exposes the soil to the sun and the dry air so much, as to do more harm than good. But the other side of the question has, also its good arguments. We will hint at one or two:

"Frequent stirring of the soil in drouth renders it more porous, and so fits in it to absorb moisture from the atmosphere, and to draw it up from the wet subsoil. By being frequently broken up it becomes like a sponge. Any one can easily satisfy himself of this. Go into your garden and loosen up the soil over a space of two feet square, and then see, if for several mornings after, that patch is not moist while the surrounding surface is dry! A neighbor of ours had a potato patch last Summer, which being in a warm and sandy soil, became badly parched in July. The stalks drooped, and a total loss of the crop was threatened. Here was a fair subject for a desperate experiment. Accordingly, on one of the hottest and dryest days of the month he gave them a thorough plowing, passing the plow four times through each furrow, first plowing two furrows from the hills, and then returning the ground back by two other furrows. No rain fell for ten days after. In three days the vines stood erect and began to take on a dark green color and to grow again; the soil was moistened by the dews of every night; the crop saved, and it proved quite an abundant one."

Again; the stirring of the soil in drouth renders the earth a poorer conductor of heat than it would be if it remained unbroken and hard. Every one knows that a stone or any metallic substance lying in the sun, becomes hotter than a bunch of cotton, because it is a better conductor of heat. So, when the surface of the earth becomes baked and hard, it absorbs heat much more than when it is broken and pulverized. In a well tilled garden, the ground, two or three inches below the surface is quite cool at mid-day. It is partly on the same principle, that a few inches of mulching material will keep the ground cool and moist all Summer long. Hence, it is easy to see that stirring the ground in drouth will keep the roots of plants cool and moist, and so promote their growth.

But let the theory be as it may, the fact remains, that thorough tillage is the best possible security against drouth.—*American Agriculturist.*

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THE SUBSCRIBER HAS SUCCEEDED in producing Machines for the purposes of splitting and dressing Hoop and Rattan stuff, developed in the Machines are admired by mechanics for simplicity, and durability, as well as the great power required to operate them. It consists of the oscillating or vibrating motion of the splitting Knife applied to opening the pole, with a perfect and simple arrangement for regulating the width of the Hoop or Rattan splitting the small set hoop to large hogshead hoops, and the right to use the celebrated splitting Knife. Oakers, Coopers and Basket Stuff. The machines have received the highest premiums at the late Fairs at Boston and Darlington.

Parties wanting Machines we would refer to Mr. P. A. BASSET, of Baraboo, Wis., who has a set in operation.

☞ Machines and Rights for States, Counties, Towns and Shops for sale or S. S. CATHERTON, Patentee and Builder, Hinsdale, Berkshire county, Mass. nov16k31d3m

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—AT THE—
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THE FOLLOWING IS A PARTIAL list of those just received: Irvin's Spanish Conquest in Spain; Hunter's Sandhurst; Lights and Shades of Hood; Cottages of the Alps, by Miss Johnson; Ormond's Dark Countries; Collins' Down the Amazon; Life in the Desert; Freeman's Historical Studies; Thackeray's English Humorists; Ruth's Occasional Productions; Museum of Literature; Miscellaneous; Miss Lisle's Secret, by Dr. Holland; Miss Mackenzie's Lovell, the Widower, by Thackeray; Collins' Woman in White; Nemesis, by Miss Pardy; Carnival, by Kennedy; Wild Life, Oceola, and Odd People, by Mayne Reid; Clerk's Officer of Yeomanry; Street's Words and Wits of Lincoln's Eighth Amendment; Say's Entomology of the U. S.; Lewes' Physiology of Common Life; Buckland's Curiosities of Natural History; Lectures on the City of New York, over all other wines, on account of its extreme purity and delicacy, and those who once try it rarely use any other brand. Although only one year has elapsed since its introduction into this country, the demand is enormous and constantly increasing. Our arrangements are such as to ensure the quality of the wine being maintained at its present high standard. Orders solicited, which will be promptly executed either by us, or by the sole Agents at Messrs. DE VERGNE & Co., in this country.

H. RAMSHORN & CO.,
No. 28 Broadway, N. Y.

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AND
WIGWAM TONIC.
THESE UNEQUALLED BITTERS AND Tonic are now meeting with unparalleled sales and rave with customers. In all cases of

Dyspepsia, Debility, Loss of Appetite,

Or any irregularity of the stomach, they will be found an efficient remedy, as well as a most wholesome and agreeable tonic.

AS A PREVENTIVE OF CHILLS AND FEVER they have never been known to fail. Said they will be *indispensable family medicine* being perfectly pure, and free from any deleterious substance, can be taken by all, young and old, male and female, with benefit.

For sale by R. D. BELL & CO., Waldo's Block, No. 32 East Water street, and the principal Druggists, Grocers, Druggists and Wine Merchants throughout the country.

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ATWOOD'S
QUININE TONIC
BITTERS.
The Best Aromatic Tonic ever Offered to the Public.
RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY FOR ITS
Superior Medicinal Qualities.

THIS ELEGANT COMPOUND, WHICH has secured the confidence and endorsement of most of the leading Physicians of New England, is put before the public in the form of a Bitters, as well as the popular Virtues of PERUVIAN BARK, correctly combined, will recommend itself to every invalid, and cannot fail to meet the wants of the debilitated.

It is a mild tonic to the stomach, increasing the appetite, aiding digestion, and is unsurpassed in its dyspeptic, anti-fretting and invigorating to the digestive and nervous systems after prostrating diseases, as Fever and Ague, or kindred complaints, its aid is invaluable.

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Put up in half pint as well as quart bottles, in order that all may convince themselves of its superior merits.

For further particulars refer-nce is made to the printed circulars

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E. F. ADAMS & CO., SUCCESSORS TO Cyrus Adams & Co., manufacturers and wholesale dealers in all sizes of CUT AND PLUG TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c. We are now manufacturing a choice article of

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NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.
OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, Dec. 13, 1860.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL interested, that the Tax list of the City of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, for the year 1860, is in my hands, for the purpose of collecting the City Taxes and Assessments in said list specified; and that the Taxes on personal property in said City, contained in said list, must be paid within sixty days from the first publication of this notice, at my office in said city, and that in default thereof, the lands and personal property liable for the same in the manner prescribed by law.

Notice is further hereby given, that the taxes and assessments on the Real Estate in said list specified, must be paid before the first day of December, 1860, at my said office, or that all interest or penalties and fees will be added to said taxes.

Dated at Milwaukee, this 13th day of December, A. D. 1860.

JOHN H. TESCH,
Treasurer of the City of Milwaukee.
dec13k49d1w[aug19

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.
OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, Dec. 13, 1860.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL interested, that the TAX LIST of the City of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, for the year 1860, is in the hands of the undersigned, for collecting the City Taxes and Assessments in said list specified; and that the Taxes on personal property in said City, contained in said list, must be paid within sixty days from the first publication of this notice, at my office in said city, and that in default thereof, the lands and personal property liable for the same in the manner prescribed by law.

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These Bitters are not Equalled.
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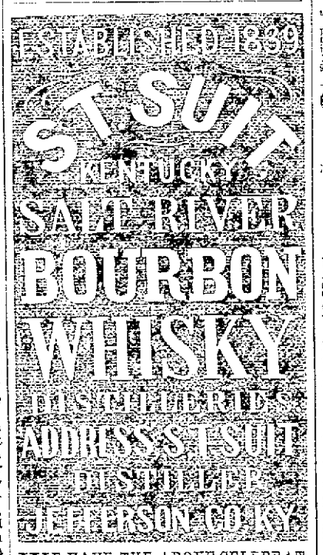

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THIS FINE BRAND OF CHAMPAGNE which has gained the past year was confined exclusively to the tables of the Sovereigns of Europe, has now obtained the most unbounded success and popularity in this country. It is recommended by some of the first Physicians of the City of New York over all other wines, on account of its extreme purity and delicacy, and those who once try it rarely use any other brand. Although only one year has elapsed since its introduction into this country, the demand is enormous and constantly increasing. Our arrangements are such as to ensure the quality of the Wine being maintained at its present high standard. Orders solicited, which will be promptly executed either by us, or by the sole Agents at Messrs. DE VERGNE & Co., in this country.

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my11d87d1y H. F. AYRES.

MORSE & BROTHER,
NO. 222 EAST WATER STREET
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
THE CHOICEST BRANDS
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC CIGARS,
TOBACCO, &C., &C.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY solicited to give us a call.
W. B. MORSE. [dec3d77d1y] LEVI MORSE.

MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL
THE MENOMONEE LAGER BEER HALL of C. L. Melenka is removed to the first floor of Luchsinger's Block, East Water street, one door north of Wisconsin, where the best of lager can at all times be found. ap14d1y&dly

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.
OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF THE CITY OF MILWAUKEE, Dec. 13, 1860.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL interested, that the Tax list of the City of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, for the year 1860, is in the hands of the undersigned, for collecting the City Taxes and Assessments in said list specified; and that the Taxes on personal property in said City, contained in said list, must be paid within sixty days from the first publication of this notice, at my office in said city, and that in default thereof, the lands and personal property liable for the same in the manner prescribed by law.

Notice is further hereby given, that the taxes and assessments on the Real Estate in said list specified, must be paid before the first day of December, 1860, at my said office, or that all interest or penalties and fees will be added to said taxes.

Dated at Milwaukee, this 13th day of December, A. D. 1860.

JOHN H. TESCH,
Treasurer of the City of Milwaukee.
dec13k49d1w[aug19

Chicago Advertisements.

From S. P. Rounds

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Anglo Saxon.

PORTLAND, Dec. 27.

The Canadian screw steamer Anglo Saxon, Capt. Balantine, *from* Liverpool via Londonderry the 14th, arrived at this port at 10 o'clock last evening.

The steamer Teutonia from New York, arrived at Cowes on the 14th.

The Earl of Aberdeen is dead.

The China mail had reached Marseilles and was due in London on the 15th.

The bombardment of Gaeta had recommenced.

The Bullion in the Bank of France had decreased £2,600,000 during the month.

LONDONDERRY, Dec. 14.

The London *Times'* city article of last evening says the funds this morning opened without alteration, and were steady throughout the day. The market being supported by a further influx of gold into the Bank of England, and the announcement of a large specie arrival by the West Indian mail. The demand for discount was small, and the general rate in the market was 4 3-4 per cent.

About £400,000 in fine gold was taken to the Bank to-day. A few parcels of sovereigns were withdrawn for America.

The Exchange quotations from the continent show firmness.

The prospectus of the new Turkish loan attracts great attention, but there are no signs that the contemplated subscriptions will be obtained in the country.

The railroad market closed quiet but steady. Canadian and American railroad stocks have improved.

The monthly returns of the Bank of France show a decrease in cash of two and three-fifths million francs. Bills discounted, not yet due, twenty-four million francs. Advances, six and a quarter million francs. Current accounts, nineteen and three-fourth million of francs. Increase in the treasury balance, three and a fourth million of francs.

The Allied army commenced their advance on the same day that Pekin was taken.

The summer palace of the Emperor was sacked and completely sacked, affording an immense amount of spoil. The chief shares of the plunder seems to have fallen to the French. The quantity of the treasure taken is to be divided between the French and English.

Some privates are said to have sold their shares for 30,000 francs. The entire British shares including treasure and private property, is estimated at about thirty thousand pounds.

The Tartar army is still in the field, though the Emperor has fled.

The Empress of the French has arrived home.

An attempt had been made to assassinate Col. Dunbar of the Sicilian army, which gave rise to a rumor of Garibaldi's assassination.

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

HALIFAX, Dec 26—3 P. M.

The Cunard steamer Canada, from Liverpool, Saturday Dec. 15th, via Queenstown 16th, has arrived at this port. She has £115,000 in specie on board.

The general news possesses some interest. Official China dispatches confirm the accounts of the capture of Pekin.

A dispatch from Pekin via St. Petersburg, states that peace had been concluded with the Chinese, and the Emperor had returned to Palace.

Drowned.

SACKETTS HARBOR, Dec. 25—3 P. M.

Three boys fell through the ice while skating on the bay to-day. A son of William Pettit was drowned.

For the Navy.

BOSTON, Dec. 26—3 P. M.

Three hundred men were yesterday sent from Charleston navy yard by special train, to join the ship of war Macedonia, at Portsmouth, N. H.

Funeral Obsequies.

LA CROSSE, Dec. 26—9 P. M.

The funeral of F. M. Rublee, late President of the LaCrosse Board of Trade, will take place on Friday afternoon, the 28th inst.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

☞ The telegraph wires being out of order, we are without our usual evening report.

Successful Experiment of Walking on the Water.

At San Francisco, Mr. Henry Roland has accomplished the remarkable feat of walking half a mile out into the bay from North Beach, with his newly-invented and curious water-shoes.

These shoes consist of a couple of boat-like looking affairs, decked over, and sharp at each end like a surf or whale boat. They are about eight feet long, by eighteen inches in width, and about six inches deep. Near the centre of each is a hole, as for a mast, large enough for a man's foot and leg to enter, with a canvas boot-leg extending upwards. The place for the feet below, through these holes, is like any moderate sized shoe or boot. The two shoes are placed parallel to each other, and are connected by sliding runners, which travel along the edges or gunwhales of the shoes, thus allowing them to slip back and forth past each other, but always in a perfect parallel line, the two being about six inches apart.

It is easy to see that without some contrivance beneath the water to prevent the backward motion of one foot, as the other was being advanced, the walker would make no progress at all, any more than a company would in "marking time." To obviate the difficulty, Mr. Roland has invented a new series of paddles, or "feathers," as he calls them, like the blades of an oar, which can be dropped or gathered up like a dusk's legs at pleasure. Thus, when the right foot is being slided forward, those feathers are snugly gathered up under the bottom of the shoe, while those of the left foot drop like center boards placed athwartships, and prevent that foot from slipping backwards. Then when the left foot is to be advanced, the walker holds water with his right, and so on.

His progress is about four miles an hour, and the motion is not only quite regular, but perfectly secure. Each shoe has a little rudder, of which the tiller ropes pass up to the hands of the walker, thus enabling him to go in any direction he may choose. Out of the centre of each shoe, rises an iron stanchion, between which stretches a light wooden seat, used when in a fair wind; and if the water-walker chooses to change leg power for that of Æolus, he hoists a sail about eight feet square, (or wide) and three feet high. Mr. Roland is indifferent as to the kind of weather in which his experiment is made. He can walk in ever so high a sea, and make a good headway. All he wants is plenty of sea room, and not a very bad surf, so as to break over and wash him off his pins.

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

James S. Libby
against
Frederick C. Hale, Nancy H. Hale, John H. Vandeberg, Reuben Hoagland, Kelsey Hoagland, Wm. Hoagland, Wm. Hoagland, Jr., Wm. Hoagland, Edmund Crossfield, Robert Crossfield, Edward Hazlett, John P. Herrick, John C. Morley and Isaac Ames.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated September 22, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 29th day of December, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

The following real estate lying and being in the County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), in block number eighty-one (81) in the Town (now City) of Milwaukee, (now the Fourth Ward of the City of Milwaukee).

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, September 25, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Att'y. sept28d3mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

William H. Lee,
Jacob A. Ellis,
Nicholas P. Dorman,
George D. Perkins and
Gordon M. Taggart,
against
Jonathan H. Crampton, Henry D. Crampton, and James H. Decker.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated April 18, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on the 12th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the City and County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, known and described as follows, to-wit: The south two-thirds (⅔) of quarter (¼) block number thirty-three (33), in the first Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, October 11, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

BUTLER & MARTIN, Pl'ff's Attys. oct11w10d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Sigmund Wise, Trustee,
John Bradford, Joseph T. Bradford, Bernard Wise, Joseph Wise, Ernst Salomon, Herman Oppenheimer, Charles Goller, Henry J. Nazro, John Nazro, Ferdinand Goss, and Henry Scheffler
against
Otto Hebmann, Jr., Jacob Hebmann, his wife

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, dated September 8, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 29th day of December, 1860, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the City and County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, known and described as the south half of lot number two (2), in block number one hundred and eighty-two (182), in the second Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, October 12, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Att'y. oct12w10d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Matthew Middlewood
against
Jacob Keefer, and Catharine ——, his wife, Benedict Geyer, Jr., Leah ——, his wife, Wm. Geyer, Wm. Geyer, Jr., Adam Tyre, Frederick Peterson, Jr., and Christian Neuber

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated November 30th, 1859, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as the south half of lot number two (2), in block number one hundred and eighty-two (182), in the second Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, December 1st, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

T. L. OGDEN, Pl'ff's Att'y. dec1w10d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Valentin Storch
against
Jacob Engel, Caroline Engel, Lindley Morse and Alexander Cruikshanks.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated September 19th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the city of Milwaukee, on the 2nd day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

The west half of the south-west quarter of section eighteen, in town seven, north of range twenty-one east, in the County of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of said quarter section, thence from the north, eighty-three feet, thence east to the south-west corner of the Plank Road, thence north and easterly along the line of said Plank Road to the north and south quarter line of said section, thence south to the place of beginning.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 2, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

EMMONS, VAN DYKE & HAMILTON, Pl'ff's Attys. nov2w8d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Morgan Carpenter, plaintiff,
against
Cicero Comstock, Caroline Comstock, his wife, the Bank of Milwaukee, and the Marine Bank, defendants.

Judgment of foreclosure and sale.

IN virtue of and pursuant to a judgment rendered in said Court in the above entitled action, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 12th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the City of Milwaukee, County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one (1) and two (2) in block number one hundred and forty-two (142), in the Fourth Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 2, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

EMMONS, VAN DYKE & HAMILTON, Pl'ff's Attys. nov2w8d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Charles Trumbull Moyer, Wolfgang Kraft, Margaretha Graf his wife, and Christian Schmidt

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated November 30th, 1859, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as the north half of lot number two (2), in block number one hundred and forty-two (142), in the Fourth Ward of the City of Milwaukee.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 2, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

EMMONS, VAN DYKE & HAMILTON, Pl'ff's Attys. nov2w8d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Victor Koppenhagen
against
Henry Reichert and Caroline Reichert, and Edmund Steinmeyer.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated November 30th, 1859, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, lying and being in the County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as the south fifty feet of lot number eleven (11) in Block No. one hundred and forty-nine (149), in the First Ward of the City of Milwaukee, together with all the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 29, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff
Mil. Co., Wis.

SMITH & SALOMON, Pl'ff's Attys. nov29w8d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Valentin Storch
against
Jacob Engel, Caroline Engel, Lindley Morse and Alexander Cruikshanks.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated September 19th, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the city of Milwaukee, on the 2nd day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

The west half of the south-west quarter of section eighteen, in town seven, north of range twenty-one east, in the County of Milwaukee, and State of Wisconsin, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of said quarter section, thence from the north, eighty-three feet, thence east to the south-west corner of the Plank Road, thence north and easterly along the line of said Plank Road to the north and south quarter line of said section, thence south to the place of beginning.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 2, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY,
Sheriff Mil. Co., Wis.

E. COTZHAUSEN, Pl'ff's Atty. nov2w8d6mow

[Sentinel.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Victor Koppenhagen
against
Henry Reichert and Caroline Reichert, and Edmund Steinmeyer.

Judgment of Foreclosure and Sale.

IN VIRTUE OF AND PURSUANT TO A judgment rendered in said Court, in the above entitled action, dated September 29, 1860, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Saturday, the 5th day of January, 1861, at the hour of 2 P. M. of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount of said judgment, interest and costs, together with the expenses of sale, to-wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as the south fifty feet of lot number eleven (11) in Block No. one hundred and forty-nine (149), in the First Ward of the City of Milwaukee, together with all the privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Dated Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, November 29, 1860.

A. J. LANGWORTHY, Sheriff
Mil. Co., Wis.

SMITH & SALOMON, Pl'ff's Attys. nov29w8d6mow

COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

WEDNESDAY P. M., Dec. 26, 1860.

Our money market has not changed to any material extent of late. Matters are gradually working easier, and we now very seldom hear any complaints of a scarcity of money amongst produce dealers. The scarcity of Exchange is the only respect in which the market pinches, but with the improving tendency of Eastern produce markets, there is at least a probability that we shall soon have a sufficient supply to meet the legitimate wants of business.

MONEY AND STOCKS AT NEW YORK,
(By telegraph to the Sentinel.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 26.

Money on call easy, at 6@7 ₰ cent; but paper is selling at very irregular and high rates. Sterling Exchange dull and nominal. Stocks dull and lower. N J 124½; C P & Q 53; G & C 64¾; I C scrip 63; M S gtd 31½; Hud 42; N Y C 74½; M & M 9; N J C 110; C & T 25½; C C & C 98; Pan 116; M C 45¾; Erie 33½; Pac M 51¾; Cal Ts 85¾; S W L 110; H & St Jo 68; LaC grants 15; Mo 6s 65¾; U S 6s '71 coupons 90.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE AT CHICAGO.

The *Tribune*, of this morning, says:

Exchange continues exceedingly scarce, and rates for the moment are still firm at 10 ₰ cent. Outsiders may consider themselves fortunate if they obtain it supply at 10¾@11 ₰ cent. The buying price is nominal at 9@9¼, though some of the banks are paying full selling rates. From present prospects buyers need not look for a decline at least during the present week.

Gold buying nominal at 9 ₰ cent; selling 10. Demand light.

EXCHANGE AT ST. LOUIS.

The *Democrat* of Monday reports a reduction of 1 @2 ₰ cent. in the rates of exchange at St. Louis.

Private dispatches from the Metropolitan Bank, New York, and from other New York sources, this evening, represent quite a cheerful feeling in that market, with an advance in stocks, and more ease in obtaining discounts.

In our own markets, also, an improvement is noted; exchange is easier, and 1@2 ₰ cent. lower, from a falling off in the demand, and a general feeling that present high rates cannot continue. Per gold, sight on the East was sold at ¾@⅞ premium, and for Missouri currency at a full range of ⅞@1 ₰ cent. prem., though as yet the latter is the most general rate. The banks, when drawing at all for their customers, do so at 1@2 ₰ cent. prem. On collections they have also usually charged but ½ ₰ cent.; but as this was extremely onerous, they have lately refused to remit collections, holding the same subject to draft here, in such funds as the collections are made. And as many can afford to await the decline, exchange, this furnishes our community with more money than would otherwise be had.

Gold was bought as low as 5@7 ₰ cent. premium to-day.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE AT CINCINNATI.

The *Gazette* of Tuesday morning speaks in hopeful terms of the improving aspect of monetary matters:

In financial parlance, "two days were merged into one" to-day. This was the case practically at least, with the bankers and with people who had notes to pay, and in the way of lifting paper the business was considerably above the usual daily average; but notwithstanding the heavy maturities and the closeness of the money market, paper was promptly met, both of any consequence having been laid over. The discount market did not undergo any change of importance. Things are gradually progressing toward a more comfortable position, but capitalists aim to follow at some distance, rather than lead the current that is working its way forward and upward in general business. Bankers would still rather contract than expand in the loan department, and as far as practicable they bring matters into conformity with this policy, though in the line of currency they are easy enough, so far as regards current movements. For good paper, in outside circles, 2 ₰ cent. ₰ month is the leading figure. Nothing is done below 1, and in some cases 1½ cent. is obtained.

The movements in the market for New York exchange were not regular. With some of the houses the supply was heavy, while others had a demand equal to the receipts. In the aggregate, however, the market was well supplied, and rates, though unaltered, were not sustained with any great degree of firmness. In some cases bankers' checks for round sums were sold at ¾ prem. We quote ¾ prem. buying, and ¼ prem. selling. Philadelphia rates range from ¼ dis. buying, and ½ dis. @ par selling. Very little doing in Baltimore, most of the drafts on that city being made payable in New York exchange, and several of the Baltimore operators have had their funds transferred, and draw direct on New York. New Orleans continues scarce and in good demand at ½ premium buying, and 1 prem. selling. Gold was in moderate request at ¼ prem.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY P. M., Dec. 26, 1860.

The receipts of produce were not reported complete at the Chamber of Commerce to-day, but we understand that the amount of wheat delivered for the past 48 hours was about 25,000 bus. The wheat market settled back a little from the highest point reached on Monday, buyers at the close refusing to pay over 92c for No. 1 spring in store. Sellers were firm, however, in view of the encouraging tone of the foreign news and, excepting one or two instances, would not concede to any decline. Dressed hogs were quite active, at the opening, but later in the day the market declined 10@15c on light hogs, and none but Extra heavy ones brought Monday's outside prices. No change to speak of in other articles, except high wines which were a shade firmer.

CHICAGO MARKET, DECEMBER 24.

The *Times* reports the following sales of produce and pork at Chicago on Monday:

WHEAT—Receipts 14,865 bus. Sales of 650 bags No. 1 spring at 86@86½c; 16,000 bus No. 2 do in lots in store at 80¾@81½c; 3,000 do at 81½c; 65,000 bus No. 1 spring at 86½c; 4,000 do at 81½c; 3,000 do at 81c; 1,000 bus rejected at 76c.

FLOUR—Receipts 1,474 bbls. Sales of 100 bbls Morgan choice spring at $4,85; 100 bbls Commercial at $4,30; 60 do XXX spring at $4,40; 300 bbls City Stores Mills at $4,50.

CORN—Receipts 7,056 bus. Sales 295 bags on track at 51c; 6,000 bus mixed in store at 51c; 700 bus at 50c; 12,000 bus mixed and yellow in lots at 51c.

OATS—Market quiet at 17½c in store, 18½@19c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts 850 bus. Sales 600 bus on track at 45c; 50 bags good at 50c.

TIMOTHY SEED—Quoted at $2@2,20.

MESS PORK—City held at $16. Sales 200 bbls delivered at Milwaukee at $14,50; 300 bbls mess at 14,90; 500 do at $14,75.

DRESSED HOGS—Sales 550, all over 190, at $5,10; 800 under 190 at 5,25; 17, averaging 250, at 5,70; 50, all over 200, at 5,05; 11 av 238 at 5,00; 10, all over 240, at 5,10; 70, all under 200 lbs, at 5,05@5; 12 av 235 at 5, cash.

LARD—Sales 200 bags prime at 7½c; 300 tres prime at 6¾.

HIGHWINES—Sales 52 bbls country at 14¾c; 300 do at 15c.

HOGS AND PROVISIONS AT CINCINNATI.

From the *Gazette* of Tuesday morning:

The receipts of hogs for 48 hours, ending at noon to-day, were 6,000 head. The market opened firm at $5,50 for first class lots, and there were sales as high as $5,60, but the trade closed more tame, though steady, at $5,40@5,50 for lots averaging 200 lbs and upwards. On the 24th of December, 1859, prices were precisely $1 @ 100 lbs higher than our present currency. This, considering the difference in the quantity and value of corn, does not show very badly for feeders. In fact $5,50, under present circumstances, can hardly be called a panic price. The *Price Current* furnishes the following statement of the receipts for six days ending this evening, and for the season:

From Kentucky	1,922
By Railways	2,551
By River	1,206
Driven in	1,360
Total for the six days	40,029
Previously reported	223,134
Total so far this season	263,363
Same time in 1859	372,576
do do 1858	330,942
do do 1857	310,953
do do 1856	312,702
do do 1855	328,555
do do 1854	275,065
do do 1853	270,375
do do 1852	332,340
do do 1851	282,362
do do 1850	265,335

It is seen that the receipts are 109,060 less than last year up to this time; but it must not be inferred from this that the packing at this point is likely to fall short this season. We have now, for the first time since the panic set in, a market with sufficient strength to bear liberal receipts. Large arrivals may therefore be looked for hereafter. There is a continued demand for mess pork, chiefly from the South, and it goes off as fast as made. Fresh packed sold to-day at $14,90@14,75, and as the close it was mostly held at $14,75@15. There is also a good demand for lard, and in sales of 1,000 tierces at 5¾@5¾c. New York is taking this article pretty freely. There is also a fair Southern demand. Altogether, hog products have gone into consumption more rapidly than last season, in proportion to the number of hogs cut, and stocks, as yet, are here lights. The Irish business is operating freely. There have been shipped already 9,324 bags, against 2,473 bxs to the corresponding date last year. Old bacon sold at 5¾@6¾c for rib sides, but at close 6@6¾c was asked. Among the sales was 60 bbls sides at 7¾c.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, DEC. 24th.

From the *Democrat* of Monday morning:

FLOUR—Only a retail business was done to-day; the only sale worthy of note was 50 bbls country, branded, extra, at $4,50 for country.

WHEAT—Supply small and holders firmer. Sales 120 bags club at 86c, and 150 bags choice do at 90c.

CORN—Market generally dull, there being very few buyers. Sales were reported of 80 bags yellow at 36½c, delivered; 1,200 bus mixed yellow and mixed white at 37c, round; 500 bags yellow and white private; and 160 bags choice white at 40c, delivered in new gunnies.

PORK—Nothing was reported to-day.

LARD—Sale 500 tcs, delivered at Springfield, Ill, private.

HOGS—In demand, with purchases of several lots to-day at prices ranging from 5¼c to light to 6c for heavy. Buyers are offering 5¾@6c, dividing on 200 lbs.

WHISKEY—Dull, and the only sale was of 28 bbls at 15½ currency.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

WEDNESDAY, P. M.

FLOUR—Unchanged. Sales 150 bbls "Wauwatosa," Extra at $4,00; 200 bbls of another country brand at same price; and 400 bbls "Berlin City" on private terms.

WHEAT—Closed nominally 2c below Monday's outside figures. Sales 350 bus No. 1 spring at 84c in store; 500 bus do at 82c in store; 1,150 bus do at 83c del; 2,000 bus do for delivery all next week at 80c in store; 2,100 bus No. 2 at 82c in store; 1,062 bus do at 81c in store; 1,050 bus do at 80c in store; 1,400 bus Extra Club at 86c del; 400 bus do at 87½c.

DRESSED HOGS—Market closes a shade lower, specially for light averages. Sales include;

88 hogs, averaging	200 lbs	at	$5,75 ₰ cwt;	
96	do	do	250	do 5,75 do
74	do	do	220	do 5,75 do
87	do	do	300	do 5,75 do
73	do	do	240	do 5,75 do
7	do	do	250	do 5,70 do
80	do	do	240	do 5,70 do
37	do	do	260	do 5,65 do
66	do	do	240	do 5,65 do
14	do	do	235	do 5,65 do
74	do	do	220	do 5,55 do
25	do	do	230	do 5,55 do
6	do	do	240	do 5,62 do
9	do	do	230	do 5,55 do
15	do	do	225	do 5,55 do
22	do	do	200	do 5,50 do
23	do	do	220	do 5,50 do
6	do	do	160	do 5,40 do

COARSE GRAINS—Market steady, with a good demand for most kinds at quotations:

Oats—20@21c.

Corn—Shelled 32@33c.

Barley—87@90c for range of qualities.

Rye—Firm at 42c.

HIDES—Buyers quotations to-day are:

Green—4½@4¾c; do full trimmed 4¾@5c;

Green Salted—5c; do full trimmed 5½c;

Dry Flint—11@12c;

Dry Salted—10@11c;

Calf Skins—7@10c for green to dry.

BUTTER—Dull at 9@10c for fresh; 10@13c for roll.

EGGS—Firm at 14@15c.

POULTRY—Dressed turkeys 7@8c; dressed chickens 6@7c.

CRANBERRIES—$2,00@2,50 ₰ bush.

GRASS SEED—Timothy firm at $1,75@2,10 ₰ bus.

HAY—Timothy $8@10 ₰ ton; red top $8; marsh $5@6,00.

SALT—Present prices are:

Common Fine—$1,70 ₰ bbl.

Ground Solar—$1,80 ₰ bbl.

Coarse—$2,00 ₰ bbl.

Dairy—Per pkgs of 28 bags $6,00.

SUNDRIES—High wines firmer, none selling to-day below 16c; Whiskey 15c; Alcohol 35c.

RAILROAD RECEIPTS—Dec 26.

By La C. & Mil. R. R.—611 bbls flour, 7,701 bushels wheat, 104 bus rye, 155 do barley, 70 bbles, 46 hds cranberries, 856 dressed hogs, 6,316 lbs sundries.

By Mil. & Chicago R. R.—183 bbls flour, 467 bus wheat, 15 bbls, 49 dressed hogs, 106 bbls highwines, 2 bbls sugar, 55 do alcohol, 4,240 lbs rags, 114 lbs lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, Dec. 26—7 P. M.

FLOUR—A trifle firmer with moderate demand; sales 21,000 bbls at 5,00@5,10 for superfine State, 5,05@5,35 for extra state; 5,00@5,10 for superfine western; 5,05@5,30 for inferior to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio. Canadian flour firmer; sales 600 bbls at 5,45@5,60 for common to choice Extra. Rye flour steady at 3,25@4,00 for common to choice superfine.

WHEAT—Market shade firmer, with a moderate export demand; sales 60,000 bus at 1,32@1,33½ for No. 3 Chi and mixed; Wis and Iowa, 1,34 Northwestern club; 1,40 white Genesee and Mich.

RYE—Quiet at 70.

BARLEY—Dull at 70@80.

CORN—Market firmer; sales 31,000 bus at 65@70 for mixed western, chiefly at 69 only.

OATS—37@38 for western and State.

PORK—Quiet, small sales. Mess, 14,00@14,25; prime, 12,75 prime.

BEEF—Dull, and small sales.

CUTMEATS—Heavy.

LARD—Dull and steady; sales 50 bbls at 10¼@10¾.

BUTTER—In fair request; 11@13 for Ohio, 14@21 for State.

CHEESE—Steady, 8@10¾.

WHISKEY—Firmer; sales 400 bbls at 15.

FOREIGN MARKETS

(By Anglo Saxon.)

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFF MARKET.—The market was quiet at the opening. Wheat was firm, and holders demand an advance on five qualities.

Provisions were generally dull.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols closed on Friday at 92¾@92¾ ex div. Bond.

American Securities—N. Y. C. 78@80.

(For Canada.)

LIVERPOOL MARKET.—Latest markets by telegraph to Queenstown.—Wheat firm with an upward tendency. Provisions dull.

LONDON, Saturday evening—Consols closed at 92¾@92¾ for money, ex div.

American Stocks—The latest sales were: I. C. 29¾ disc., Erie 35¾, N. Y. C. 78@80.

PARIS, Saturday evening—Bourse closed dull.—Rentes 65@65c.

MARINE.

Port of Milwaukee, December 25.

ARRIVED—25.

Propeller Quincy, Colton, Grand Haven, 154¾ tons mdse, 10 pass

MARINE NEWS.

SCHOONER WILD ROVER OFF.

The following dispatch was received Saturday:

KINGSTON, Dec. 22, 1860.

E. P. DODD, Esq., BUFFALO:—Schooner *Wild Horse* off, and in South Bay safe; will be brought here to-morrow. JOSEPH DOYLE.

—Buffalo Express.

SANFORD'S

Liver Invigorator,

NEVER DEGENERATES.

IT IS COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, all Druggists—in fact—and the public generally, have full confidence in all the dis-commended.

It has cured thousands who had given up all hope, after numerous unsolicited testimonials of its wonderful success.

The dose must be a matter of the individual and quantities to each.

Let the directions be strictly followed, and the New of the LIVER will be cured, and it will cure LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, SUMMER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, HARDNESS OF THE SKIN, SCROFULIC HUMORS, BOILS, CHOLERA INFANTUM, FEMALE WEAKNESS, and many other diseases for which this MEDICINE is recommended as a SPECIFIC. It will relieve in twenty minutes. THOUSANDS ARE GIVING THANKS FOR IT.

ALL WHO USE IT TESTIFY IN ITS PRAISE. THE INVIGORATOR IS BOTH TONIC AND APERIENT.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

SANFORD'S
FAMILY
Blood Purifying Pills,
COMPOUNDED FROM

PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, AND PUT UP IN GLASS CASES, AIR TIGHT, AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

THE FAMILY CATHARTIC PILL is the best active Cathartic using in this preparatory. The combination of those PILLS have long satisfaction which all testify to their virtues, has induced us to place them within the reach of all.

The difference between these and other PILLS, is that these PILLS contain the CURATIVE PROPERTIES of the purest vegetable substances, and are GOOD and SAFE in all cases. Cathartic is needed, such as DISCOMFORT, SLEEPLESSNESS, HEADACHE and LIGHTNESS, SORENESS OVER THE WHOLE BODY, from sudden cold, which frequently is neglected, and in a short time RESULTS IN A CREEPING OVER THE BODY, ACHES, or SEVERE HEADACHE, or SERIOUS DISEASES, MAY BE AVOIDED BY THE USE OF THESE PILLS. A GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD. Which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this limited space. See advertisement. HORSE, &c.

THANKSGIVING DINNER.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR AND FAMILY CATHARTIC PILLS are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade, in all the large towns.

SANFORD, SEELY & CO.,
Manufacturers and Proprietors,
208 Broadway, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by H. Somerby & Sons, Henry Ness, Jr., John Tesch, J. M. Atwood, Burnham & Bigelow, and Swallow.

D^R MOTT'S
CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
PILLS OF IRON

AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combination in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authority in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, Depression in vital energy, Dyspepsia or any consequence having been laid over. The discomfort did not undergo any change of importance. Things are gradually progressing toward a more comfortable position, but capitalists aim to follow at some distance, rather than lead the current that is working its way forward and upward in general business. Bankers would still rather contract than expand in the loan department, and as far as practicable they bring matters into conformity with this policy, though in the line of currency they are easy enough, so far as regards current movements. For good paper, in outside circles, 2 ₰ cent. ₰ month is the leading figure. Nothing is done below 1, and in some cases 1½ cent. is obtained.

The movements in the market for New York exchange were not regular. With some of the houses the supply was heavy, while others had a demand equal to the receipts. In the aggregate, however, the market was well supplied, and rates, though unaltered, were not sustained with any great degree of firmness. In some cases bankers' checks for round sums were sold at ¾ prem. We quote ¾ prem. buying, and ¼ prem. selling. Philadelphia rates range from ¼ dis. buying, and ½ dis. @ par selling. Very little doing in Baltimore, most of the drafts on that city being made payable in New York exchange, and several of the Baltimore operators have had their funds transferred, and draw direct on New York. New Orleans continues